

Algebra Assignment

①

$$x = 12.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$x' = 12.65 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Actual area} &= \pi x^2 = \pi (12.5)^2 \\ &= \underline{490.874 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{calculated area} &= \pi x'^2 \\ &= \pi (12.65)^2 = 502.725 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i. Absolute error} &= 502.725 - 490.874 \\ &= \underline{11.851 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ii. Relative error} = \frac{11.851}{490.874} = \underline{0.02414}$$

$$\text{iii. Percentage error} = \underline{2.414\%}$$

②

$$\begin{array}{cc} x & f(x) = \log(x) \\ 4.0 & 0.60206 \end{array}$$

$$4.5 \quad 0.6532125$$

$$5.5 \quad 0.7403627$$

$$6 \quad 0.7781513$$

$$\text{a. } y = 0.60206 + (x-4) \left(\frac{0.7781513 - 0.60206}{6-4} \right)$$

$$y = 0.60206 + (5-4) \left(\frac{0.1760913}{2} \right)$$

$$y = \underline{0.69010565}$$

$$\text{b. } y = 0.6532125 + (5-4.5) \left(\frac{0.7403627 - 0.6532125}{5.5-4.5} \right)$$

$$y = 0.6532125 + (0.5)(0.0871502) = \underline{0.696788}$$

③

$$x^4 - x - 10 = 0$$

$$a = 1.5$$

$$b = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{a+b}{2} = \frac{3.5}{2} = 1.75$$

$$y_1 = (1.75)^4 - (1.75) - 10 = -2.371694$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{x_1+b}{2} = \frac{1.75+2}{2} = 1.875$$

$$y_2 = (1.875)^4 - (1.875) - 10 = 0.48462$$

$$\Rightarrow x_3 = \frac{x_1+x_2}{2} = \frac{1.75+1.875}{2} = 1.8125$$

$$y_3 = (1.8125)^4 - (1.8125) - 10 = -1.020249$$

$$\Rightarrow x_4 = \frac{x_2+x_3}{2} = \frac{1.875+1.8125}{2} = 1.84375$$

$$y_4 = (1.84375)^4 - (1.84375) - 10 = -0.2877$$

$$\Rightarrow x_5 = \frac{x_2+x_4}{2} = \frac{1.875+1.84375}{2} = 1.859375$$

$$y_5 = (1.859375)^4 - (1.859375) - 10 = 0.093375$$

$$\Rightarrow x_6 = \frac{x_4+x_5}{2} = \frac{1.84375+1.859375}{2} = 1.8515625$$

$$y_6 = (1.8515625)^4 - (1.8515625) - 10 = -0.098433$$

$\therefore x = 1.859375$ is the required solution.

④ $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$ $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 1$

x $f(x)$ $f'(x)$ $x_0 = 1$

0 -1 -1 $x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$

1 -1 2

2 5 11

$x_1 = 1 - \left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)$

$x_1 = \frac{3}{2}$

$y_1 = 0.875$

$f'(x_1) = 5.75$

$\Rightarrow x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)}$

$x_2 = 1.3478$ $f'(x_2) = 4.4496$

$y_2 = 0.10056$

$\Rightarrow x_3 = x_2 - \frac{f(x_2)}{f'(x_2)} = 1.3252$

$y_3 = 0.002056$ $f'(x_3) = 4.268$

$\Rightarrow x_4 = x_3 - \frac{f(x_3)}{f'(x_3)} = 1.3247$

$y_4 = -0.00007653$

⑤ $A^2 = A$

$\Rightarrow 7A - (I+A)^3 = 7A - (I^3 + A^3 + 3IA^2 + 3I^2A)$
 $= 7A - (I + A + 3A + 3A) = -I$

$$(6) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad |A| = -6 + 4(+1) + 0 = -2$$

$$\text{Adj } A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{\text{Adj } A}{|A|} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1/2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1/2 & -1/2 \\ -2 & 1/2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(7) \quad A = 8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j} \quad B = 7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{A} = \sqrt{64+81} = \sqrt{145}$$

$$\vec{B} = \sqrt{49+81} = \sqrt{130}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{137}{\sqrt{145} \sqrt{130}} \Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{137}{\sqrt{145} \sqrt{130}} \right)$$

$$(8) \quad \vec{R} = \vec{a} + \vec{b} \\ = |\vec{a}| + |\vec{b}| + 2\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \\ = 75^2 + 25^2 + 2(75)(25) \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$R^2 = 9497.5952$$

$$\vec{R} = \underline{97.56 \text{ m}}$$

$$(9) \quad a = 101 \quad a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$a_n = 998$$

$$d = 3$$

$$\underline{n = 300}$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a + a_n]$$

$$= 150 [101 + 998]$$

$$= \underline{164850}$$

(10)

$$ax^5 = 32$$

$$ax^7 = 128$$

$$\frac{ax^7}{ax^5} \Rightarrow \underline{x=2}$$

(11)

$$(4+3x)^5$$

Using binomial expansion:

$$(4+3x)^5 = {}^5C_0 (4)^0 (3x)^5 + {}^5C_1 (4)^1 (3x)^4 + {}^5C_2 (4)^2 (3x)^3 + {}^5C_3 (4)^3 (3x)^2 + {}^5C_4 (4)^4 (3x) + {}^5C_5 (4)^5 (3x)^0$$

$$(4+3x)^5 = 243x^5 + 162x^4 + 4320x^3 + 7560x^2 + 3340x + 1024$$

(12)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow A - \lambda I = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} -5-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{vmatrix} - (-3)((3-\lambda)(2)-0) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^3 - 13\lambda + 12 = 0$$

$$a=1 \quad b=-13 \quad c=12$$

$$a+b+c=0$$

$$\therefore \underline{\lambda=1}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} & 1 & 0 & -13 & 12 \\ & 1 & 1 & 1 & -12 \\ \hline & 1 & 1 & -12 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda - 12 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 + 4\lambda - 3\lambda - 12 = 0$$

$$\lambda(\lambda+4) - 3(\lambda+4) = 0$$

$$(\lambda-3)(\lambda+4) = 0$$

$$\lambda=1, \lambda=3, \lambda=-4$$

(13) $f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 8x - 3$ $x_0 = 5$

$\Rightarrow f(x_0) = -13$ $f'(x_0) = 13$

$x_1 = 5 - \left(\frac{-13}{13}\right) = 6$

$f(x_1) = 9$ $f'(x_1) = 32$

$\Rightarrow x_2 = 6 - \left(\frac{9}{32}\right) = \underline{5.71875}$

(14) $(1-x+x^2)^4$, Let $1-x=y$
 $(y+x^2)^4$

$\Rightarrow {}^4C_0 y^0 (x^2)^4 + {}^4C_1 y^1 (x^2)^3 + {}^4C_2 (y^2) (x^2)^2 + {}^4C_3 y^3 (x^2) + {}^4C_0 y^4$
 $= (1-x)^4 + 4x^2(1-x)^3 + 6x^4(1-x)^2 + 4x^6(1-x) + x^8$

(15) $e^{-x} \approx 3 \log x$ x $f(x)$

$f(x) = e^{-x} - 3 \log x$	0.5	1.50962
	1	0.36757
	1.5	-0.305143

$x_1 = 1.25$ $\Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{1+1.25}{2} = 1.125$

$y_1 = -0.0042252$

$y_2 = 0.1711949$

$x_3 = 1.1875$ $\Rightarrow x_4 = 1.21875$

$y_3 = 0.0810919$

$y_4 = 0.0378555$