

Numerical Methods
& Algebra.

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Q.14 Original ~~error~~ radius of circle = $12.5 \text{ cm} = r_1$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of circle} &= \pi r_1^2 \\ &= \pi (12.5)^2 \\ &= 491.0714286\end{aligned}$$

radius of circle with error ~~ad~~ radius = $12.65 = r_2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of circle} &= \pi r_2^2 \\ &= \pi (12.65)^2 \\ &= 502.9278571\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rightarrow \text{Absolute error} &= \text{Area of circle with errored} \\ &\quad \text{radius} - \text{Area of circle with} \\ &\quad \text{og. radius.} \\ &= 502.9278571 - 491.0714286 \\ &= 11.85642850\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rightarrow \text{Relative error} &= \frac{\text{Absolute error}}{\text{Original area.}} \\ &= 0.024144000\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rightarrow \text{Percentage error} &= \text{Relative error} \times 100 \\ &= 2.414399985\end{aligned}$$

24 a)

x	$f(x) = \log x$	
4	0.6532125	0.60206
6	0.7781513	

Interpolation

$$(6-4) = (0.7781513 - 0.60206)$$

$$2 = 0.176091300$$

$$1 \text{ causes change of } = \frac{0.176091300}{2}$$

$$1 = \cancel{0.88} 0.088045650$$

Thus $x = 5$

$$\log(5) = \log(4) + \log(1)$$

$$= 0.60206 + 0.088045650$$

$$= 0.690106650$$

b)

x	$\log(x)$
4.5	0.6532125
5.5	0.7403627

$$5.5 - 4.5 = 0.7403627 - 0.6532125$$

$$1 = 0.087150200$$

$$0.5 \text{ causes change of } = \frac{0.087150200}{2}$$

$$= 0.043575100$$

$$x = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log(5) &= \log(4.5) + 0.043575100 \\ &= 0.6532125 + 0.043575100 \\ &= 0.65362650 \quad 0.6967 \quad 87600 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q.34 \quad x^4 - x - 10 = 0$$

x	y
$x_0 = -6.437$	-6.437
$x_1 = 2$	4

$$\rightarrow x_2 = \frac{x_0 + x_1}{2}$$

$$y_2 = -2.371693750$$

$$= \cancel{4.11713500} \quad 1.75$$

$$\rightarrow x_3 = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$

$$y_3 = 0.48461941$$

$$= \cancel{1.4132500} \cdot \frac{2 + 1.75}{2} = 1.875$$

$$\rightarrow x_4 = \frac{x_2 + x_3}{2}$$

$$y_4 = -1.020248413$$

$$= \cancel{-1.293375} = 1.8125$$

$$\rightarrow x_5 = \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2}$$

$$y_5 = -0.28773403$$

$$= \cancel{1.6599} = 1.84375$$

$$\rightarrow x_6 = \frac{x_4 + x_5}{2} = 1.8235$$

$$y_6 = -0.7668625$$

Q.44 $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$ roots using Newton Raphson method.

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 1$$

$$x \quad y$$

$$0 \quad -1$$

$$1 \quad -1$$

$$2 \quad 5$$

$$x_3 = x_2 - \frac{f(x_2)}{f'(x_2)}$$

$$= 1.3252$$

$$y_3 = 0.00205$$

$$x_0 = 1$$

$$f(x_0) = -1$$

$$f'(x_0) = 2$$

$$f'(x_3) = 4.26846$$

$$x_4 = x_3 - \frac{f(x_3)}{f'(x_3)}$$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$= 1.32472$$

$$y_4 = 0.00008712$$

$$1 - \left(\frac{-1}{2} \right)$$

$$= 1.5$$

$$y = 0.875$$

$$f'(x_1) = 5.75$$

$$x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)}$$

$$= 1.5 - \left(\frac{0.875}{5.75} \right)$$

$$x_2 = 1.34783$$

$$f(x_2) = 0.100699$$

$$f'(x_2) = 4.449945$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Q.5} \quad A^2 &= A \\
 7A - (1+A)^3 &= 7A - (I^3 + A^3 + 3A^2I + 3AI^2) \\
 &= 7A - (I + A^2 + 6A) \\
 &= 7A - I + 7A \\
 &= -I
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Q.6} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |A| &= 0 - 1(6-8) + (-1)(0+4) \\
 &= 2-4 \\
 &= -2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{adj}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} \times \text{adj}(A)$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1/2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1/2 & -1 \\ -2 & 1/2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Q. 74 } \vec{a} = 8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j} \\ \vec{b} = 7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = ab \cos \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}) \cdot (7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}) \\ &= 56 + 81 \\ &= 137 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sqrt{64 + 81} \\ &= \sqrt{145} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b &= \sqrt{49 + 81} \\ &= \sqrt{130} \end{aligned}$$

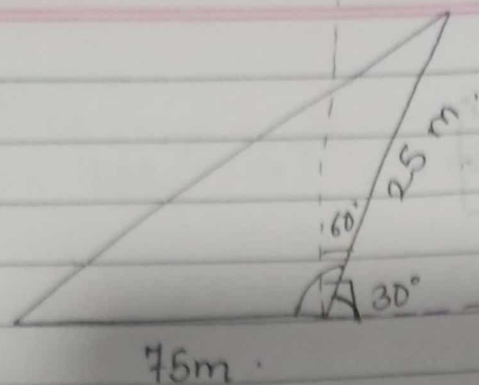
$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = ab \cos \theta$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{137}{\sqrt{130} \times \sqrt{145}}$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.997849146$$

$$\theta = 3.75866^\circ$$

Q.87

Displacement Vector = $\vec{R}$

$$\vec{R} = \vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$$R^2 = A^2 + B^2 + 2AB \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = 60^\circ$$

$$R^2 = 75^2 + 25^2 + 2(75)(25) \cos 60^\circ$$

$$R^2 = 9497.595264$$

$$R = 97.4556 \text{ metres}$$

Thus displacement = 97.4556 metres.

8.9 Common difference, $d=3$

$$A.P = 101, 104, 107$$

$$a = 101$$

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$998 = 101 + (n-1)3$$

$$n = 300$$

$$S_n = \frac{n(2a + (n-1)d)}{2} \quad \Bigg| \quad \frac{n(2a + a_n)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{300(2 \times 101 + 998)}{2}$$

$$= 150 \times 1099$$

$$= 1,64,850$$

8.10 $a_6 = 32$

$$ar^5 = 32$$

$$a_8 = 128$$

$$ar^7 = 128$$

$$\frac{ar^7}{ar^5} = \frac{128}{32}$$

$$r^2 = 4$$

$$r = 2 \text{ or } -2$$

$$r = 2$$

$$Q.114 \quad (3x+4)^5.$$

			1							a
			1		1					$(a+b)^2$
		1		2		1				$(a+b)^3$
	1	3		3		1				$(a+b)^4$
1	4		6		4		1			$(a+b)^5$
1	5		10		10		5		1	

$$(3x+4)^5 = (3x)^5 + (5(3x)^4 \times 4) + (10 \times (3x)^3 \times 4^2) + (10 \times (3x^2) \times 4^3) + 5(3x \times 4^4) + 4^5.$$

$$= 243x^5 + 1620x^4 + 4320x^3 + 5760x^2 + 3840x + 1024.$$

$$Q.124 \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |A - \lambda I| &= 0 - 0 + (3 - \lambda) [(2 - \lambda)(-5 - \lambda) + 6] \\
 &= (3 - \lambda) [-10 - 2\lambda + 5\lambda + \lambda^2 + 6] \\
 &= [\lambda^2 + 3\lambda - 4](3 - \lambda) \\
 &= -\lambda^3 + 13\lambda - 12
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(A - \lambda I) = -\lambda^3 + 13\lambda - 12$$

Comparing Coefficients

$$\begin{aligned}
 a + b + c + d &= 1 - 13 + 12 \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus one root = 1.

1	1	0	-13	12
		1	1	-12
		1	-12	0

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda - 12 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 3 \text{ or } -4$$

Eigen Values = -4, 1, 3.

$$Q.13) f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 8x - 3.$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 14x + 8$$

$$x_0 = 5$$

$$f(5) = -13$$

$$f'(5) = 13$$

$$Q. x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$= 5 - \left(\frac{-13}{13} \right)$$

$$= 6$$

$$f(x_1) = 9$$

$$f'(x_1) = 32$$

$$x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)}$$

$$x_2 = 6 - \frac{9}{32}$$

$$x_2 = 5.71875$$

$$f(x_2) = 0.84787$$

$$0.144 (x^2 - x + 1)^4 = ((x-1)^2 + x)^4$$

Using Pascal's Triangle.

		1				a
	1		1			a+b
	1	2	1			(a+b) ²
1	3	3	1			(a+b) ³
1	4	6	4	1		(a+b) ⁴

$$(x^2 - x + 1)^4 = (x-1)^8 + 4x(x-1)^6 + 6x^2(x-1)^4 + 4x^3(x-1)^2 + x^4$$

$$0.154 e^{-x} = 3 \log(x)$$

$$3 \log(x) - e^{-x} = 0$$

x	y
0.1	-2.07516
0.2	-1.27818
0.3	-0.82782
0.4	-0.5233
0.5	-0.29656
0.6	-0.11673
0.7	0.63188

$$x_0 = 0.6, \quad y_0 = -0.11673$$

$$x_1 = 0.7, \quad y_1 = 0.03188$$

$$\rightarrow x_2 = \frac{x_0 + x_1}{2}$$

$$= 0.65$$

$$y_2 = -0.03921$$

$$\rightarrow x_3 = \frac{x_2 + x_1}{2}$$

$$= 0.675$$

$$y_3 = -0.00293$$

$$\rightarrow x_4 = \frac{x_3 + x_1}{2}$$

$$= 0.6875$$

$$y_4 = 0.01426$$

$$\rightarrow x_5 = \frac{x_4 + x_3}{2}$$

$$= 0.68125$$

$$y_5 = 0.0059$$