

Probability and Stats

Assignment - 1

Q1

$$i) 4, 7, 9, 9, 11, 15, 18, 18, 18, 25 \quad n = 10$$

$$\text{mean} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{4 + 7 + 9 + 9 + 11 + 15 + 18 + 18 + 18 + 25}{10}$$

$$= \frac{134}{10} = 13.4$$

$$\text{median} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{\text{th term}} + \left(\frac{n}{2} + 1\right)^{\text{th term}}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5^{\text{th term}} + 6^{\text{th term}}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{15 + 18}{2}$$

$$= 16.5$$

$$\text{mode} = 18 \text{ [repeated 3 times]}$$

~~Q1~~

$$Q_1 = \left(\frac{n+1}{4}\right)^{\text{th term}} = 2.5^{\text{th term}} = 7 + 9 = 8$$

$$Q_3 = 3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) = 7.5^{\text{th term}} = 18$$

$$\text{IQR} = Q_3 - Q_1 = 18 - 8 = 10$$

$$\sigma^2 = 16 + 49 + 81 + 121 + 225 + 324 + 324 + 625$$

$$\text{SD} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_i^2}{n}} = \sqrt{\frac{2170}{10}} = \sqrt{217} = 14.7309$$

(i)	Number of Households (x)	Number of People (f)	CF	agn. $\sum fx$	$\sum x^2$
	0	5	5	0	0
	1	11	16	11	11
	2	26	42	52	104
	3	15	57	45	135
	4	3	60	12	48
		60	120	120	298

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} = \frac{120}{60} = 2$$

$$\text{median} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} + \left(\frac{n}{2} + 1\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{30^{\text{th}} \text{ term} + 31^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}{2} = \frac{2+2}{2} = 2$$

$$\text{mode} = 2 \quad [f = 26]$$

$$Q_1 = \frac{n}{4}^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = \frac{60}{4}^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 15^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 1$$

$$Q_3 = \frac{3n}{4}^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = \frac{180}{4}^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 45^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 3$$

$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1 = 3 - 1 = 2$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{n}} = \sqrt{\frac{298}{60}} = \sqrt{4.96} = 2.2286$$

Q2] $X = \text{No. of claims arising of } n \text{ insurances}$

~~Q2]~~ $X \sim \text{Poi}(0.5)$

$\therefore \lambda = 0.5$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i) } P(X=0) &= \frac{e^{-\lambda} \cdot \lambda^0}{0!} \\ &= \frac{e^{-0.5} \cdot 1}{1} \\ &= e^{-0.5} = 0.60653066 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ii) } P(X \geq 1) &= 1 - P(X < 0) \\ &= 1 - 0.60653066 \\ &= 0.39346934 \end{aligned}$$

iii) Didn't understand.

Q3] $X \sim \text{Gamma}(2, \frac{1}{2})$

$\therefore \alpha = 2, \lambda = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\text{i) } E(X) = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda} = \frac{2}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} = 2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$\text{ii) } V(X) = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda^2} = \frac{2}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = 4 \times 2 = 8$$

iii) $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}$
 $2\lambda = 1$

$$X \sim \text{Gamma}(2, \frac{1}{2})$$

$$\therefore 2 \lambda x \sim \chi^2$$

$$1x \sim \chi^2$$

$$\therefore F_x(x) = P(0 < \chi^2_4 < \infty)$$

Q4 male staff = 10
female staff = 8

6 males = fully qualified

7 females = fully qualified

To find = P(2 qualified female / at least 1 female)

$$P(\text{at least 1 female}) = \frac{8}{18}$$

$$P(2 \text{ qualified female} \cap \text{at least 1 female}) = \frac{6}{18}$$

$$P(2 \text{ qualified female} / \text{at least 1 female}) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{6}{18}\right)}{\left(\frac{8}{18}\right)} = \frac{6}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

$$Q5 \quad P(\text{level 1}) = 40\%$$

$$P(\text{level 2}) = 50\%$$

$$P(\text{level 3}) = 10\%$$

$$P(\text{late}) = 0.2$$

$$P(\text{late} | \text{level 1}) = 20\%$$

$$P(\text{late} | \text{level 2}) = 40\%$$

$$P(\text{late} | \text{level 3}) = 10\%$$

$$P(\text{level 2} | \text{late}) = \frac{P(\text{level 2}) \cdot P(\text{late} | \text{level 2})}{\sum_{i=1}^3 P(\text{level } i) \cdot P(\text{late} | \text{level } i)}$$

$$= \frac{(0.5)(0.4)}{(0.4)(0.2) + (0.5)(0.4) + (0.1)(0.1)}$$

$$= \frac{0.2}{(0.08 + 0.2 + 0.01)}$$

$$= \frac{0.2}{0.29}$$

$$= 0.689655172$$

$$= 68.9655\%$$

$$= 68.9655\%$$

$$= 68.9655\%$$

$$Q6 \quad X \sim U(1, 2)$$

$$y = 3$$

$$6 - x$$

$$6 - x = 3$$

$$x = 6 - 3 = 3$$

$$f_x(x) = \frac{1}{2-1} = 1$$

$$f_{\frac{64-3}{4}} = 1$$

$$f_y(y) = \frac{64-3}{4}$$

Q7

x	P(X=x)	x.P(X=x)	x ² .P(X=x)	x ³ .P(X=x)
1	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
2	0.15	0.30	0.6	1.2
3	0.35	1.05	3.15	9.45
4	0.4	1.6	6.4	25.6
5	0.05	0.25	1.25	6.25
	1	3.25	11.45	42.55

9) $F(3) = P(X \leq 3) = P(X=1) + P(X=2) + P(X=3)$
 $= 0.05 + 0.15 + 0.35$
 $= 0.55$

10) $E(X) = \sum x \cdot P(X=x) = 3.25$

11) $V(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$
 $= 11.45 - (3.25)^2$
 $= 0.8875$

12) Skewness $= E(X^3) - [E(X)]^3$
 $= 42.55 - (3.25)^3$
 $= 8.221875$

Q8] $P(\text{claim} > 1000) \leq 0.2$

~~not~~
 ~~$P(\text{claim})$~~ $P(2 \text{ claims}) \leq \frac{2}{15}$

$P(2 \text{ claims / exceed } 1000) \leq \frac{\binom{2}{15}}{0.2}$

$\leq \frac{2}{15 \times 0.2}$

$\leq \frac{1}{1.5}$
 ≤ 0.6667

Q9] $P(\text{winning}) = 0.01$

$P(\text{losing}) = 1 - P(\text{winning}) = 1 - 0.01 = 0.99$

$X \sim \text{winning raffle}$

$X \sim \text{Bin}(7, 0.01)$

$P(X=3) = {}^7C_3 \cdot p^3 \cdot q^4$
 $= 35 (0.01)^3 \cdot (0.99)^4$
 $= 0.00035 \cdot (0.99)^4$
 $= 0.00033621$

Q10] $E(X) = \frac{2}{5}$

$P(2 \text{ claims in a day}) =$

Q11] $P(\text{male}) = 0.5$

$P(\text{female}) = 0.5$

Probability (3 child: boys)

$= 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5$

$= 0.125$

Q12] Claim $\sim \text{Poi}(10)$

$\therefore \lambda = 10$

$P(X = 2 / 0.1 \text{ days}) = \frac{e^{-10} \cdot 10^2}{2!} \times \frac{1}{0.1}$

$= 0.004539993$

$= 0.2$

$= 0.022699965$

13) $X \sim U(75, 120)$

$$F_X(100) = \frac{100 - 75}{120 - 75} = \frac{25}{45} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$F_X(80) = \frac{80 - 75}{120 - 75} = \frac{5}{45} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$P(80 \leq X \leq 100) = F_X(100) - F_X(80)$$

$$= \frac{5}{9} - \frac{1}{9}$$

$$= \frac{4}{9}$$

14) $X \sim \text{Gamma}(5, 0.4)$

$$\lambda = 5$$

$$\theta = 0.4$$

$$2\lambda X \sim \chi^2_{10}$$

$$\hookrightarrow 0.8X \sim \chi^2_{10}$$

$$P(X < 22.89) = P(0.8X < 18.312)$$

$$= P(\chi^2_{10} < 18.312)$$

$$= 0.9541728$$

$$f(x) = \frac{k}{(x+5)^4}, \quad x > 0$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{k}{(x+5)^4} dx = 1$$

$$k \int_0^{\infty} (x+5)^{-4} dx = 1$$

$$k \left[\frac{(x+5)^{-3}}{-3} \right]_0^{\infty} = 1$$

$$k \left[-\frac{1}{3(x+5)^3} \right]_0^{\infty} = 1$$

$$k \left[-\frac{1}{3(\infty+5)^3} \right] - \left(-\frac{1}{3(5)^3} \right) = 1$$

$$k \left[\frac{-1}{\infty} + \frac{1}{3^6} \right] = 1$$