

Assignment

1) (i) Constant force of mortality is an assumption for ages between x & $x+1$. It ~~says~~ means the force of mortality between age x & $x+1$ is constant.

(ii) Under CFM

$$P_x = e^{-\mu_x}$$

$$\therefore \mu = -\ln(P_x)$$

$$\mu_{55} = -\ln(1 - q_{55})$$

$$\mu_{55} = 0.0047$$

Q2] (i) Select mortality is the mortality rate of an individual who have recently purchased life/health insurance. They tend to have lower mortality rates than people already insured

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii)} \quad {}_{20}P_{[25]:[30]} &= {}_{20}P_{[25]} \times {}_{20}P_{[30]} \\ &= \frac{l_{25}}{l_{[25]}} \times \frac{l_{30}}{l_{[30]}} \\ &= \frac{9801.31}{9951.9913} \times \frac{9712.0728}{9923.7497} \\ &= 0.9638 \end{aligned}$$

Q3] WDD

$$\begin{aligned} {}_{1.4}q_{54.5} &= 1 - {}_{1.4}p_{54.5} \\ &= 1 - {}_{0.5}p_{54.5} \times {}_{0.9}p_{55} \\ &= 1 - \left[(1 - {}_{0.5}q_{54.5}) (1 - {}_{0.9}q_{55}) \right] \\ &= 1 - \left[\left(\frac{1 - 0.5 \times q_{54.5}}{1 - 0.5q_{54.5}} \right) (1 - 0.9q_{55}) \right] \\ &= 1 - \left[\left(\frac{1 - 0.5 \times 0.00714}{1 - 0.5 \times 0.00714} \right) (1 - 0.9 \times 0.00714) \right] \\ &= 0.01073009 \end{aligned}$$

$$24] P_{\ddot{a}_{35:\overline{30}|}} = 5000000 A'_{35:\overline{30}|} + 30 P A_{35:\overline{30}|}$$

$$\ddot{a}_{35:\overline{30}|} = 14.35$$

$$A'_{35:\overline{30}|} = A_{35:\overline{30}|} - V_{30}^{30} P_{35} A_{35} \\ = 0.094 - A_{35} \times 0.40177 = 0.03251$$

$$A_{35:\overline{30}|} = V_{30}^{30} P_{35} \\ = (1.06)^{-30} \left(\frac{8821.2612}{9894.4299} \right)$$

$$= 0.13522$$

$$P = 16771.983$$

$$26] P = 5,000,000 A'_{45:\overline{20}|}$$

$$A'_{45:\overline{20}|} = A_{45:\overline{20}|} - A_{45:\overline{20}|} \\ = 0.46998 - (1.04)^{-20} \left(\frac{8821.2612}{9801.3123} \right)$$

$$= 0.05922$$

$$P = 296140.0863$$

$$\therefore \text{Total premium} = 10000 \times P \\ = 2961400.863$$

$$27] V = 5000000 A'_{46:\overline{19}|} - 296140.08 \\ = 5000000 \left[0.39599 - (1.06)^{-19} \left(\frac{8821.2612}{9786.9534} \right) \right] - 296140.08$$

$$= -255694.26417$$

$$DSAR = 5055694.26417$$

$$EDS = 10000 q_{45} \times DSAR$$

$$= 74065920.97$$

$$APD = 10 \times DSAR$$

$$= 50556942.6417$$

$$EDS - APD = 23508978.33$$

PSAR

$$Q7] EPV = 100000 A_{40:\overline{20}|} + 200000 A_{60} V^{20} p_{40}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$[A_{40} - V^{20} p_{40} A_{60}]$$

$$V^{20} p_{40} = (1.06)^{-20} \left(\frac{9287.2164}{9856.2863} \right)$$

$$= 0.29380$$

$$A_{40} = 0.12313$$

$$A_{60} = 0.321692$$

$$EPV = 21917.97945$$

$$E(PV^2) = 100,000^2 ({}^2A_{40:\overline{20}|}) + 200,000^2 A_{60} V^{20} p_{40}$$

$${}^2A_{40:\overline{20}|} = {}^2A_{40} - V^{40} p_{40} A_{60}$$

$$= 0.01414$$

$$SD E(PV^2) = 1798358$$

$$SD = 36303.73211$$

$$Q8] A_{65} = 0.5412 \quad A_{66} = 0.5591$$

$$A_{65} = q_{65} + (1 - q_{65}) A_{66} V$$

$$A_{65} = q_{65} (1 - A_{66} V)$$

$$\frac{0.5412 - 0.5591(1 + 0.08)^{-1}}{1 - 0.5591(1.08)^{-1}} = q_{65}$$

$$q_{65} = 0.098754$$

$$A_{65.5} = 0.75 q_{65} + \frac{(1 - 0.75 q_{65}) 0.5591}{1.08}$$

$$A_{65.5} = 0.535321$$

$$P = 100000 \times 0.53532129$$

$$= 53532.129$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= 120000 a_{\overline{70}|} \\
 P &= 120,000 (\ddot{a}_{70} - 1) \\
 P &= 1267440
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(L_0 > 0) &= 1 \\
 P(L_0 \leq 0 | G = G_n) &= P(K_{70} > n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 PV &= \bar{a}_{\overline{70}|} \\
 EPV &= \bar{a}_x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ii) } \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(\mu+\delta)t} dt = 16$$

$$= \frac{1}{-(\mu+0.04)} \left[e^{-(\mu+\delta)t} \right]_0^{\infty} = 16$$

$$\mu = \frac{1 - 0.64}{16}$$

$$\mu = 0.0225 //$$

$$V = \frac{1}{\delta^2} ({}^2\bar{A}_x - (\bar{A}_x)^2)$$

$$\bar{A}_x = 1 - \delta \bar{a}_x$$

$$\bar{A}_x = 1 - 0.64$$

$$= 0.36$$

$${}^2\bar{A}_x = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2\delta t} e^{-\mu t} \times \mu dt$$

$$= 0.0225 \left[\frac{e^{-(2\delta+\mu)t}}{-(2\delta+\mu)} \right]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{-0.0225}{(2 \times 0.0225 + 0.04)} (-1) = \frac{9}{34}$$

$$SD = 9.189188$$

Q11] (i) Term assurance the premiums are paid annually or monthly for the particular term where if a policy holder fails to pay premium the contract will lapse.

(ii) Term assurance

$$\ddot{a}_{40:\overline{25}|} = 2500,000 A'_{40:\overline{25}|}$$

$$A'_{40:\overline{25}|} = A_{40:\overline{25}|} - A_{40:\overline{25}|} = 0.38907 - (1.04)^{-25} \left(\frac{8821.2612}{9856.2863} \right)$$

$$= 0.0535448$$

$$P = \frac{2500000 \times 0.0535448}{15.889}$$

$$P = 8396.002296$$

$${}_{10}V = 2,500,000 A'_{50:\overline{15}|} - P \ddot{a}_{50:\overline{15}|}$$

$$A'_{50:\overline{15}|} = A_{50:\overline{15}|} - A_{50:\overline{15}|} = 0.56719 - (1.04)^{-15} \left(\frac{8821.2612}{9712.0728} \right)$$

$$= 0.062855$$

$${}_{10}V = 87334.42964$$

Annuity

$${}_{10}V = 2,500,000 \ddot{a}_{60} = 3908000$$

$$\text{Total Reserve} = 8500 \times 87334.429 + 9900 \times 3908000$$

(iii) P

$$Q12) (i) S_{55}: \overline{a} = a_{55: \overline{a}} (1+i)^{10} P_{55}$$

$$= 12.578$$

$$(ii) \ddot{a}_{[40]: \overline{20}}^{(4)} = \ddot{a}_{[40]}^{(4)} - v^{20} {}_20p_{[40]} \ddot{a}_{60}^{(4)}$$

$$= \ddot{a}_{[40]} - \frac{3}{9} - v^{20} {}_20p_{[40]} (\ddot{a}_{60} - \frac{3}{9})$$

$$= 14.6735$$

$$Q13) P\ddot{a}_{45: \overline{15}} = 100,000 A_{45: \overline{20}} + 100,000 A_{45: \overline{20}}$$

$$\ddot{a}_{45: \overline{15}} = 11.886$$

$$A_{45: \overline{20}} = 0.48998$$

$$A_{45: \overline{20}} = (1.09)^{-20} {}_20p_{45}$$

$$= 0.4109519$$

$$P = 7734.608$$

$$13V = 100,000 A_{58: \overline{7}} + 100,000 A_{52: \overline{7}} - P\ddot{a}_{52: \overline{7}}$$

$$A_{58: \overline{7}} = 0.76516$$

$$A_{52: \overline{7}} = (1.09)^7 \times P_{58}$$

$$= 0.712$$

$$\ddot{a}_{52: \overline{7}} = 1.955$$

$$13V = 132603.4289$$

$$DSAR = -32603.428$$

$$EDS = -36657.66$$

$$ADS = 4 \times DSAR = -130412.71$$

$$EDS - ADS$$

$$= 93756.05$$

Q14]

(i)

$$5000 \bar{a}_{\overline{68-2}|} v^2, \quad T_{63} < 2$$

$$T_{63} > 2$$

(ii)

$$5000 \times 100 \times 2 p_{63} \times v^2 \bar{a}_{65}$$

$$= 6594347.317$$

(iii)