

Probability And Statistics

Assignment - 1

Q1] i) 4, 7, 9, 9, 11, 15, 18, 18, ~~25~~ 18, 25
 $n = 10$

$$\Rightarrow \text{mean} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{134}{10} = 13.4$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Median} = \left(\frac{n+1}{2} \right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 5.5^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$$

$$= \frac{11+15}{2}$$

$$= 13$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Mode} = 18$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Standard deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n}}$$

x_i	$(x_i - \bar{x})^2$
4	88.36
7	40.96
9	19.36
9	5.76
11	5.76
15	2.56
18	2.56
18	2.56
18	2.56
25	134.56

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{374.4}{10} = 37.44$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{37.44} = 6.12$$

$\Rightarrow$ Last term of Q1 is the $\left(\frac{n}{4} \right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 2.5^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$

Q10] It will follow a poisson distribution.
2) $\lambda = \frac{2}{5} = 0.4$

$$P(X > 2) = 1 - P(X \leq 2)$$

$$P(X=0) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!} = \frac{(0.4)^0 e^{-0.4}}{0!}$$

$$P(X=1) = \frac{(0.4)^1 e^{-0.4}}{1!}$$

$$= 0.2681$$

$$P(X=2) = \frac{(0.4)^2 e^{-0.4}}{2!} = 0.0536$$

$$P(X \leq 2) = 0.9920$$

$$P(X > 2) = 1 - P(X \leq 2)$$

$$= 0.0079$$

Q11] $P(W) = P(G)$

2) $P(W) + P(G) = 1$

$$2P(W) = 1$$

$$P(W) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(G) = \frac{1}{2}$$

E = having 3 loops

$$P(E) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(E) = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\text{Last term of } Q_1 = \frac{7+9}{2} = 8$$

$$\text{Last term of } Q_3 \text{ is the } \left(\frac{3n}{4}\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 7.5^{\text{th}}$$

$$\text{Last term of } Q_3 = \frac{18+18}{2} = 18$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inter-Quartile Range} &= Q_3 - Q_1 \\ &= 18 - 8 \\ &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

ii)

x_i	f_i	cf
0	5	5
1	11	16
2	26	42
3	15	57
4	3	60

$$n = 60$$

$$\text{mean} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{n}$$

$$= \frac{120}{60}$$

$$= 2$$

$$\text{Median} = \left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = (30.5)^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$$

$$\text{Median} = 2$$

$$\text{Mode} = 2$$

Q12) It is following exponential dist as Ex(10)

or

$$\lambda = 10$$

$$\lambda = 1$$

$$t = 0.1 \text{ days}$$

$$P(T \leq 0.1) = F(0.1)$$

$$= 1 - e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$= 1 - e^{-1}$$

$$= 0.6321$$

Q13) $X \sim U(75, 120)$

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{120 - 75}$$

$$= \frac{1}{45}$$

$$P(80 < X < 100) = \frac{100 - 80}{45}$$

$$= \frac{20}{45}$$

$$= 0.444$$

Q4] $\Rightarrow P(\text{choosing 2 members from the group}) = {}^{10}C_2 = P(A)$
 $P(\text{at least one female}) = 1 - P(\text{both are male})$
 $P(F) = 1 - \frac{{}^{10}C_2}{{}^{10}C_2}$

$$= 0.70588$$

$$P(2 \text{ qualified Females}) = \frac{{}^7C_2}{{}^{10}C_2}$$

$$P(F \cap Q) = 0.13725$$

$$P(Q|F) = \frac{P(F \cap Q)}{P(F)}$$

$$= \frac{0.13725}{0.70588}$$

$$= 0.1944$$

Q5] 2) $P(\text{Delivering via level 1}) = P(L_1) = 0.4$

$$P(L_2) = 0.5$$

$$P(L_3) = 0.1$$

$$P(\text{Arriving late using level 1}) = P(L_1) = 0.2$$

$$P(L_1|L_1) = 0.4$$

$$P(L_1|L_2) = 0.1$$

$$P(L_2|L) = \frac{P(L_2)P(L|L_2)}{P(L_1)P(L|L_1) + P(L_2)P(L|L_2) + P(L_3)P(L|L_3)}$$

$$= \frac{0.4 \times 0.4}{0.4 \times 0.4 + 0.5 \times 0.4 + 0.1 \times 0.1}$$

$$= \frac{0.16}{0.4 + 0.2 + 0.01}$$

$$= \frac{0.16}{0.61}$$

$$= 0.2623$$

$$= 0.2623$$

$$= 0.2623$$

$$= 0.2623$$

$$= 0.2623$$

$$= 0.2623$$