

-Saloni Tayshete

$$\textcircled{1} d^{(4)} = 8\% \text{ p.a.}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(4)}}{4}\right)^4 = 1 - d$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{0.08}{4}\right)^4 = 1 - d$$

$$\left(1 - 0.02\right)^4 = 1 - d$$

$$d = 1 - 0.922368160$$

$$d = 0.07763184$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i)} \therefore d &= -\ln(1-d) \\ &= 0.080810829 = \boxed{8.0811\%} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(ii)} 1+i = \frac{1}{1-d}$$

$$i = \frac{1}{1-0.07763184} - 1$$

$$\therefore i = 0.084169785 = \boxed{8.417\%}$$

$$\text{(iii)} d^{(12)} = ?$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} = 1 - 0.07763184$$

$$1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12} = \sqrt[12]{0.922368160}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore d^{(12)} &= 0.080539339 \\ &= \boxed{8.0539339\%} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \delta(t) = 0.004t + 0.0002t^2$$

$$\text{(i)} C_{10} = \text{Rs. } 1000$$

$$\therefore P.V._0 = C_{10} \times \frac{1}{A(0,10)}$$

$$= 1000 \times \frac{1}{e^{\int_0^{10} \delta(t) dt}}$$

$$= 1000 \times \frac{1}{e^{\int_0^{10} (0.004t + 0.0002t^2) dt}}$$

$$= 1000 \times \frac{1}{e^{\left[\frac{0.004t^2}{2} + \frac{0.0002t^3}{3}\right]_0^{10}}}$$

$$= 1000 \times \frac{1}{e^{\left(0.2 + \frac{1}{15}\right)}}$$

$$= 1000 \times \frac{1}{e^{\frac{4}{15}}} = \boxed{\text{Rs. } 765.9283384}$$

$$\text{(ii)} A.V. = C(1+i)^n$$

$$1000 = 765.9283384(1+i)^{10}$$

$$(1+i)^{10} = 1.305605172$$

Raising by $1/10$

$$(1+i) = 1.027025404$$

$$i = 0.027025404$$

$$\boxed{i = 2.7025404\%}$$

$$(3)(i) \quad 1+i = \frac{1}{1-d}$$

$$1-d = \frac{1}{1+i}$$

$$d = 1 - \frac{1}{1+i}$$

$$d = \frac{1+i-1}{1+i}$$

$$d = \frac{i}{1+i}$$

$$\therefore d = i \cdot v$$

Explanation

'd' is the amount of money invested at the beginning will earn during the period when interest is paid at the start of the period 'i'. So 'd' must be equal to PV at the beginning of the year payment and interest paid at the end. $\therefore d = i \cdot v$

$$(ii) \quad a) \quad \frac{d^{(4)}}{4} = 2.25\% = 0.0225$$

$$d^{(2)} = ?$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(4)}}{4}\right)^4 = \left(1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2}\right)^2$$

Raising both sides by $\frac{1}{2}$

$$(1 - 0.0225)^2 = 1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^{(2)}}{2} = 0.04449375$$

$$\therefore d^{(2)} = 0.0889875$$

$$\boxed{\therefore d^{(2)} = 8.89875\%}$$

$$b) \quad d^{(1/2)} = 5\% = 0.05$$

$$d^{(2)} = ?$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(1/2)}}{1/2}\right)^{1/2} = \left(1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2}\right)^2$$

$$(1 - 0.05 \times 2)^{1/2} = \left(1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2}\right)^2$$

Raising both sides by $\frac{1}{2}$

$$(1 - 0.1)^{1/4} = 1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2}$$

$$\frac{d^{(2)}}{2} = 0.0259962537$$

$$d^{(2)} = 0.05199250715$$

$$\boxed{\therefore d^{(2)} = 5.199250715\%}$$

$$(ii) i = 5\% = 0.05$$

$$n = 91 \text{ days}$$

~~SD = ?~~

Let Bill amount be Rs 100 (C)

$$\begin{aligned} A.V. &= C(1+i)^n \\ &= 100(1.05)^{91/365} \\ &= 101.2238407 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore P.V_0 = 100 \quad C = 101.2238407$$

$$P.V_0 = C(1 - nd)$$

$$100 = 101.2238407 \left(1 - \frac{91}{365}d\right)$$

$$\boxed{\therefore d = 4.8494619\%}$$

④ (i) Same as ③(i).

$$(ii) i = 0.08$$

$$a) d^{(12)} = ?$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} = \frac{1}{1+0.08}$$

$$1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12} = 0.993607102$$

$$\therefore d^{(12)} = 0.076714776$$

$$\boxed{\therefore d^{(12)} = 7.6714776\%}$$

$$b) i^{(365)} = ?$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{i^{(365)}}{365}\right)^{365} = 1.08$$

$$1 + \frac{i^{(365)}}{365} = 1.000210874$$

$$\therefore i^{(365)} = 0.076969155$$

$$\boxed{\therefore i^{(365)} = 7.6969155\%}$$

$$c) \delta = ?$$

$$\therefore \delta = \ln(1+i)$$

$$\therefore \delta = \ln(1.08)$$

$$\therefore \delta = 0.076961041$$

$$\boxed{\therefore \delta = 7.6961041\%}$$

$$d) i^{(0.5)} = ?$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{i^{(0.5)}}{0.5}\right)^{0.5} = 1.08$$

$$1 + \frac{i^{(0.5)}}{0.5} = 1.1664$$

$$\therefore i^{(0.5)} = 0.0832$$

$$\boxed{\therefore i^{(0.5)} = 8.32\%}$$

⑤(i) $d^{(4)} = 6\% = 0.06$

a) $i^{(2)} = ?$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(4)}}{4}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{1+i}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{0.06}{4}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{1+i}$$

$$1+i = \frac{1}{0.941336551}$$

$$i = 0.062319315$$

$$\therefore \left(1 + \frac{i^{(2)}}{2}\right)^2 = 1+i$$

$$1 + \frac{i^{(2)}}{2} = \sqrt{1.062319315}$$

$$\therefore i^{(2)} = 0.061377515$$

$$\boxed{\therefore i^{(2)} = 6.1377515\%}$$

b) $d^{(12)} = ?$

$$\left(1 - \frac{d^{(4)}}{4}\right)^4 = 1-d$$

$$1-d = 0.941336551$$

$$\therefore d = 0.058663449$$

$$\therefore \left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} = 1-d$$

$$1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12} = 0.994974790$$

$$\therefore d^{(12)} = 0.060302525$$

$$\boxed{\therefore d^{(12)} = 6.0302525\%}$$

(ii)

200,000	220,000	200,000	?
15 th April, 2005	15 th April, 2006	15 th April, 2005	17 th July, 2005

April May June July T

15 31 30 17 93

$n = 93$ days

If loan is repaid on 15th April, 2006

$$\therefore 1+i = \frac{220000}{200000} = \frac{11}{10}$$

$$\therefore i = 0.1$$

$$i = 10\%$$

Interest paid for 93 days = $\frac{10}{100} \times \frac{93}{365} = 0.02547945205$

Amount to be paid if the contract is terminated on 17th July, 2005 = $200000 + (200000 \times 0.02547945205)$
 $= 200000 + 5095.89043$
 $= \boxed{\text{Rs. } 205095.8904}$

⑥(i) Let the retail price of the toy be Rs. 100

a) Cash payment = $100 - \frac{30}{100} \times 100 = \text{Rs. } 70$

b) Six month credit = $100 - \frac{25}{100} \times 100 = \text{Rs. } 75$

$\therefore d = ?$

$70 = 75 (1-d)^{0.5}$

$d = 0.128888889$

$\therefore d = \boxed{12.88889\%}$

(ii) $d^{(12)} = ?$

$1 + d = \left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} = 1 - d$

$\therefore d^{(12)} = 0.137195439$

$\therefore d^{(12)} = \boxed{13.7195439\%}$

$\delta = \ln(1+i)$

$= \ln\left(\frac{1}{1-d}\right)$

$= \ln\left(\frac{1}{1-0.1288889}\right)$

$= \ln$
 $= 0.137985743$

$= \boxed{13.7985743\%}$

$i^{(2)} = ?$
 $\left(1 + \frac{i^{(2)}}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{1-d}$

$1 + \frac{i^{(2)}}{2} = 1.07142857143$

$i^{(2)} = 0.1428571429$

$\therefore i^{(2)} = \boxed{14.28571429\%}$

$$⑦ \quad C = \text{Rs. } 20000$$

$$A.V = \text{Rs. } 26000$$

$$n = 17 \text{ m}$$

$$(i) \quad i^{(4)} = ?$$

$$\therefore A.V = P \left(1 + \frac{i^{(4)}}{4} \right)^{4 \times \frac{17}{12}}$$

$$\frac{26000}{20000} = \left(1 + \frac{i^{(4)}}{4} \right)^{17/3}$$

$$\therefore i^{(4)} = 0.189552546$$

$$\therefore i^{(4)} = 18.9552546\%$$

$$(ii) \quad \left(1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{i^{(4)}}{4}} \right)^4$$

$$1 - \frac{d^{(2)}}{2} = \left(\frac{1}{1.047388136} \right)^2$$

$$\therefore d^{(2)} = 0.1768823531$$

$$\therefore d^{(2)} = 17.68823531\%$$

$$(iii) \quad 26000 = 20000 (1 + ni)$$

$$1.3 = 1 + \frac{17}{12} i$$

$$\therefore i = 0.2117647059$$

$$\therefore i = 21.17647059\%$$

(iv) Interest rates keep getting lower as & when the frequency gets higher.

$$d < d^{(2)} < i^{(4)} < i$$

The δ S.I. has to be higher than the C.D. to maintain the same amount.

$$10) \delta = \begin{cases} 0.08 & ; 0 \leq t \leq 5 \\ 0.06 & ; 5 \leq t \leq 10 \\ 0.04 & ; t \geq 10 \end{cases}$$

$$v(t) = e^{-\delta} \text{ or } \frac{1}{A(t)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{A(0,5) \times A(5,10) \times A(10,t)}$$

$$= e^{-\int_0^5 0.08 dt} \times e^{-\int_5^{10} 0.06 dt} \times e^{-\int_{10}^t 0.04 dt}$$

$$= e^{-[0.08t]_0^5} \times e^{-[0.06t]_5^{10}} \times e^{-[0.04t]_{10}^t}$$

$$= e^{-0.4} \times e^{-0.3} \times e^{-0.04t+0.4}$$

$$= e^{-0.4} \times e^{-0.3} \times e^{-0.04t} \times e^{0.4}$$

$$\therefore v(t) = e^{-[0.3+0.04t]}$$

$$11) a) P.V. = AC(v(t))$$

$$P.V. = 50000 (1-0.18)^{9/12}$$

$$= 50000 (0.82)$$

$$\therefore P.V. = Rs. 43085.42623$$

$$b) i) \delta = 6\% \quad d^{(12)} = ?$$

$$\delta = \ln \left(\frac{1}{1-d} \right)$$

$$0.06 = \ln \left(\frac{1}{1-\frac{d^{(12)}}{12}} \right)^{12}$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^{(12)}}{12} = 0.004987620807$$

$$d^{(12)} = 0.05985024969$$

$$\therefore d^{(12)} = 5.985024969\%$$

$$(ii) d^{(6)} = 6\% = 0.06 \quad i^{(12)} = ?$$

$$1+i = \frac{1}{1-d}$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12} \right)^{12} = \frac{1}{1-\frac{d^{(6)}}{6}}$$

$$1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12} = \left(\frac{1}{1-\frac{0.06}{6}} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$\therefore i^{(12)} = 0.06060708865$$

$$\therefore i^{(12)} = 6.060708865\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (12) \quad A.V. &= 7049 \times A(0,2) \times A(2,4\frac{1}{2}) \times A(4\frac{1}{2},6) \\
 &= 7049 \times \left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} \times (1+10i) \times \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12 \times \frac{3}{2}}} \\
 &= 7049 \times \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{12}\right) \times (1+0.15) \times \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{0.06}{12}}\right)^{18} \\
 &= 7049 \times (1.127159776) \times (1.15) \times (1.0904421325) \\
 &= \boxed{\text{Rs. } 9999.893613}
 \end{aligned}$$

(13) Let initial investment be Rs. x
 $A.V. = 2x = 2x$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (i) \quad 2x &= x(1+i)^n \\
 2 &= (1+0.01)^n \\
 2 &= (1.01)^n
 \end{aligned}$$

Taking log on both sides

$$\ln 2 = n \ln(1.01)$$

$$\therefore n = 7.272540902 \text{ years}$$

$$(ii) \quad d^{(12)} = 10\%$$

$$x = 2x(1-d)^n$$

$$x = 2x \left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12n}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \left(1 - \frac{d^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12n}$$

Taking log on both sides

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = 12n \ln\left(1 - \frac{0.1}{12}\right)$$

$$\therefore n = 6.902550392 \text{ years}$$