

Business Finance Assignment - 2

Question 1 → (B) All of the Above

Question 2 → (C) Adverse Option

Question 3 → (C) Chairman's report

Question 4 → (B) II & III

Question 5. (A):

Realisation Concept

Income is not recognized as and when it is 'earned'. It is not therefore, necessary to wait until the customer settles his or her bill. This avoids the fluctuations in reported income which might arise if everything was accounted for on a cash basis.

May also create the impression that the business is performing well when, in fact, it is in danger of running out of cash.

Accrual Concept

Expenses are recognized as and when they are incurred, regardless of whether the amount has been paid.

Again this avoids the random allocation of costs to periods depending on whether the bill happens to have been paid or not.

Question 7.

	Cash flow	Gross Profit
(i)	Increase	No effect
(ii)	Decrease	No effect
(iii)	decrease No change	decrease
(iv)	No change	decrease
(v)	decrease	decrease

Question 8.

Financial Regulation

The objectives of financial regulators are usually +

- 1) market confidence - to maintain confidence in the financial system.
- 2) financial stability - contributing to the protection and enhancement of stability of the financial system
- 3) consumer protection

Date _____
Page _____

Answer 12:

(i) The preparation of insurance company accounts is complicated by two special features:-

The underlying contracts fall due outside the accounting period and are uncertain in size.

Premature transfer of 'profit' to shareholders may endanger the financial stability of the company and the ability to meet future liabilities.

(ii) General Insurance business provision, including unexpired risk reserves and outstanding claims reserves.

• Shareholders funds
• The insurance

Question 13.

(i)

Advantages of International Accounting Standards

- 1.) Uniformity
- 2.) Reliability
- 3.) Reducing fraud
- 4.) Clarity

Disadvantages

1. The sets of rules contained in the standards may not be appropriate to all companies in all circumstances.
2. Some standards are so general as to be meaningless while others are far too detailed.

i) The various regulations that influence are
IRDAI
SEBI
RBI
PPRDA

ii) The statement of P&L and statement of financial position do not provide a sufficient insight into movement in cash balances. This is unfortunate because even profitable companies will collapse if they are not sufficiently liquid.

Working Notes

① Administrative Expenses

wages + 30000

② Distribution Expenses

Cost of Marketing + 55000
D.V running cost + 60000
Sales Salaries + 120000
235000

③ Current Liabilities

Bank Overdraft + 18000
Trade Payables + 50000
68000

④ Non Current Assets

	Particulars	Building	Delivery V.	Machinery	Land
Opening		400,000	323,000	150,000	60,000
Depreciation		(40,000)	(170,000)	(80,000)	
- Depreciation		(40,000)	(31,000)	(15,000)	
+ Revaluation		256,000			20,000
Closing		<u>700,000</u>	<u>124,000</u>	<u>55,000</u>	<u>80,000</u>

⑤ Cost of Sales

Cost of Inventory consumed - 350,000
 Factory running cost - 100,000
 Manufacturing wages - 175,000
 Depreciation: Building - 4,000
 Del. Vehicles - 31,000
 Machinery - 15,000

360,000
675,000

⑥

Distribution Financial cost

Interest - 10000

⑦

Current Assets

closing Inventory	-	30000
Trade Receivables	-	<u>210000</u>
		<u>240000</u>

⑧

Non Current Liabilities

loan - 145000

⑨ Revaluation

	Land	Building
Valuation	800000	700000
Cost	600000	400000
Acc. Depreciation	-	40000
Depreciation		4000
<u>Reval.</u>	<u>200000</u>	<u>2,56,000</u>

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount
	Revenue	108000
-	Cost of sales	(62010)
	Gross Profit	45990
-	Distribution cost	(12387)
-	Admin Exp	(10267)
	Operating Profit	23336
-	Finance cost	(3480)
	PBT	19856
	Tax expense	(4190)
	Profit for the year	15666

Statement of financial Position

Note
2

Assets	Amt.	Amt.
Non current Assets	1 278 624	439 920

Current Assets	210 97
Bank	113 410
	210 97

Total	<u>1 489 59</u>
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Equity & Liability

Equity

Share cap.

Retained Earnings

Total Equity

NCL

Total long factory
man. eq.

CL

Total

6 0 480

3 6 186

4 34 70

~~79 424~~

~~48 438~~

8823

1 489 59

Statement of changes in Equity

Share Capital
+ Retained Earnings

	Share Capital	Retained Earnings
Opening	60 480	2 3760
- Dividend paid		3240
+ C.Y.N.P		15666
Closing	60 480	<u>2 7000</u> <u>2 6666</u> <u>3 6186</u>