

Numerical Methods and Algebra

Assignment - 1

Q1) Actual length = $r_1 = 12.5 \text{ cm.}$

Actual area = πr_1^2

$$= \pi (12.5)^2$$

$$= 490.87385 \text{ cm}^2$$

Approximate radius = 12.65

Approximate area = πr^2

$$= \pi (12.65)^2$$

$$= 502.72551 \text{ cm}^2$$

1] Absolute error = Approx area - Actual area

$$= 502.72551 - 490.87385$$
$$= 11.85166 \text{ cm}^2$$

2] Relative error = $\frac{\text{Absolute error}}{\text{Actual area}}$

$$= \frac{11.85166}{490.87385}$$

$$= 0.024144$$

3] Percentage error = relative error $\times 100$

$$= 0.024144 \times 100$$
$$= 2.4144 \%$$

Q2) i) Using Linear interpolation

$$x_1 = 4$$

$$x_2 = 6$$

$$y_1 = 0.60206$$

$$y_2 = 0.7781513$$

$$(6-4) = \frac{(0.7781513 - 0.60206)}{2}$$
$$2 = 0.1760913$$

∴ Cause a change of $\frac{0.1760913}{2} \times 1$

$$\therefore 1 = 0.08804565$$

$$\therefore x = 5$$

$$y = 0.60206 + 0.08804565$$
$$= 0.69010565$$

2) $x_1 = 4.5$

$$x_2 = 5.5$$

$$y_1 = 0.6532125$$

$$y_2 = 0.7403627$$

$$(5.5 - 4.5) = \frac{0.7403627 - 0.6532125}{2}$$
$$1 = 0.0871502$$

∴ Change caused by 0.5 = 0.0435751

$$\therefore x = 5$$

$$y = 0.6532125 + 0.0435751$$
$$= 0.6967876$$

$$(Q3) \quad u^4 - u - 10 = 0$$

$$u_0 = 1.5$$

$$u_1 = 2$$

$$y_1 = 6.4355$$

$$y_2 = 4$$

~~$$u_2 = \frac{u_0 + u_1}{2}$$~~

$$\rightarrow u_2 = \frac{u_0 + u_1}{2}$$

$$= 1.75$$

$$y_2 = -2.37109$$

$$\rightarrow u_3 = \frac{u_1 + u_2}{2}$$

$$= 1.875$$

$$y_3 = 0.48462$$

$$\rightarrow u_4 = \frac{u_2 + u_3}{2}$$

$$= 1.8125$$

$$y_4 = -1.02025$$

$$\rightarrow u_5 = \frac{u_3 + u_4}{2}$$

$$= 1.84375$$

$$y_5 = -0.28773$$

$$\rightarrow u_6 = \frac{u_4 + u_5}{2}$$

$$= 1.859375$$

$$y_6 = 0.93378$$

$$(Q4) \quad n^3 - n - 1 = 0$$

$$y'(n) = 3n^2 - 1$$

n	y
0	1
1	-1
2	5

$$n_0 = 1$$

$$y(n_0) = -1$$

$$y'(n_0) = 2$$

$$n_1 = \frac{n_0 - y(n_0)}{y'(n_0)}$$

$$= \frac{1 - (-1)}{2}$$

$$= 1.5$$

$$y_1 = \frac{0.875}{5.75}$$

$$n_2 = n_1 - \frac{y(n_1)}{y'(n_1)}$$

$$= 1.5 - \left(\frac{0.875}{5.75} \right)$$

$$= 1.34783$$

$$y(n_2) = 0.100699$$

$$y'(n_2) = 4.44884$$

$$n_3 = n_2 - \frac{y(n_2)}{y'(n_2)}$$

$$= 1.3252$$

$$y_3 = 0.00205$$

$$f'(u_3) = 4.26846$$

$$u_4 = u_3 - \frac{f(u_3)}{f'(u_3)}$$

$$y_4 = 1.32472$$

$$0.000008712$$

Q5) $A^2 = A$

$$7A - (I+A)^3 = 7A - (I^3 + A^3 + 3A^2I + 3A$$

$$= 7A - (I + A^2(A) + 3A^2 + 3A)$$

$$= 7A - (I + A^2 + 6A)$$

$$= 7A - I - 7A$$

$$= -I$$

Q6)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 6 \\ 4 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-1)} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 6 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{+2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 1(0-6) + 1(-4-0) + 2(4-0)$$

$$= -6 + -4 + 8$$

$$= -2$$

$$\text{adj}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} \text{adj}(A)$$

$$= \frac{1}{-2} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 1 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1/2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1/2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1/2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$97) \quad \vec{a} = 8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{b} = 7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \cos \theta$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = (8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}) \cdot (7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j})$$

$$= 137$$

$$a = \sqrt{64 + 81}$$

$$= \sqrt{145}$$

$$b = \sqrt{49 + 81}$$

$$= \sqrt{130}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$$

$$= ab \cos \theta$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{ab}$$

$$= \frac{137}{\sqrt{145} \cdot \sqrt{130}}$$

$$= 0.997849146$$

$$Q = 3.75846^\circ$$

Q8) Displacement Vector = $\vec{R}$

$$\vec{R} = \vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$$R^2 = A^2 + B^2 + 2AB \cos Q$$

$$Q = 30^\circ$$

$$R^2 = 75^2 + 25^2 + 2(75)(25) \cos 30^\circ$$

$$R^2 = 9497.595264$$

$$R = 97.4556 \text{ metres}$$

Q9) Common difference = $d = 3$

$$AP = 101, 104, 107, \dots, 998$$

$$a = 101$$

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$998 = 101 + (n-1) \cdot 3$$

$$897 = (n-1) \cdot 3$$

$$n = 300$$

$$S_A = \frac{n}{2} (a + a_n)$$

$$= \frac{300}{2} (101 + 998)$$

$$= 16450$$

Q10)

$$a_6 = 32$$

$$a_8 = 128$$

$$a_n = 32$$

$$a_n = 128$$

$$\frac{a_n}{a_5} = \frac{128}{32}$$

$$n^2 = 4$$

$n = 2$ or -2 (-2 rejected as it gives (-ve) value)

$$\therefore n = 2$$

Q11)

~~Q11)~~ $(3n+4)^5$

using Pascal's Triangle $\rightarrow$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & & & & 1 & & \\
 & & & 1 & & 1 & \\
 & & 1 & & 2 & & 1 \\
 & 1 & & 3 & & 3 & & 1 \\
 1 & & 4 & & 6 & & 4 & & 1 \\
 1 & 5 & & 10 & & 10 & & 5 & & 1
 \end{array}$$

$$(3n+4)^5 = 3n^5 + (5n(3n)^4 \times 4) + (10 \times (3n)^3 \times 4^2)$$

$$+ (10 \times (3n^2) \times 4^3) + (5 \times 3n \times 4^4) + 4^5$$

$$= 243n^5 + 1620n^4 + 4720n^3 + 5760n^2 + 3480n + 1024$$

$$(3n+4)^5 = 243n^5 + 1620n^4 + 4720n^3 + 5760n^2 + 3480n + 1024$$

Q12)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A - \lambda I]$$

Expanding using 3rd row

$$[A - \lambda I] = 0 - 0 + (3-\lambda) [(2-\lambda)(-5-\lambda) + 6]$$
$$= (3-\lambda) [-10 - 2\lambda + 5\lambda + \lambda^2 + 6]$$

$$= (3-\lambda) [\lambda^2 + 3\lambda - 4]$$

$$= 3\lambda^2 + 9\lambda - 12 - \lambda^3 - 3\lambda^2 + 4\lambda$$

$$= -\lambda^3 + 13\lambda - 12$$

$$-\lambda^3 + 13\lambda - 12 = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - 13\lambda + 12 = 0$$

Comparing

coeff:

$$a + b + c + d = 1 - 13 + 12$$

$$= 0$$

Only

one

root = 1

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 1 & 1 & 0 & -13 & 12 \\
 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -12 \\
 \hline
 & 1 & 1 & -12 & 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda - 12 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 + 4\lambda - 3\lambda - 12 = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 3)(\lambda + 4) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 3 \text{ or } -4$$

$$\text{Eigen values} = -4, 3$$

$$13) \quad y(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 18x - 3$$

$$y'(x) = 3x^2 - 14x + 18$$

$$x_0 = 5$$

$$y(5) = -13$$

$$y'(5) = 13$$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{y(x_0)}{y'(x_0)}$$

$$= 5 - \frac{-13}{13}$$

$$= 6$$

$$= 6$$

$$f(u_1) = 9$$

$$f'(u_1) = 32$$

$$u_2 = u_1 - \frac{f(u_1)}{f'(u_1)}$$

$$= 6 - \frac{9}{32}$$

$$= 5.71875$$

$$f(u_2) = 0.84787$$

Q14) $(n^2 - n + 1)^4 = (n+1)^2 + n)^4$

using Pascal's Triangle

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & & & 1 & & \\ & & & 1 & & 1 & \\ & & 1 & & 2 & & 1 \\ & 1 & & 3 & & 3 & & 1 \\ 1 & & 4 & & 6 & & 4 & & 1 \end{array}$$

$$(n^2 - n + 1)^4 = (n-1)^8 + 4(n-1)^6 n + 6(n-1)^4 n^2 + 4(n-1)^2 n^3 + n^4$$

$$(n^2 - n + 1)^4 = (n-1)^8 + 4(n-1)^6 n + 6n^2 (n-1)^4 + 4n^3 (n-1)^2 + n^4$$

Q15) e^{-x} , ~~2 log~~ $3(\log n)$

~~2 log~~ $3 \log n + e^{-n} = 0$

n	y
0.1	-2.09516
0.2	-1.27818
0.3	-0.82782
0.4	-0.5235
0.5	-0.29656
0.6	-0.11673
0.7	0.03188

$h_0 = 0.6$

$y_0 = -0.11673$

$h_1 = 0.7$

$y_1 = 0.03188$

$\rightarrow h_2 = \frac{h_0 + h_1}{2}$

$= 0.65$

$y_2 = -0.03921$

$\rightarrow h_3 = \frac{h_2 + h_1}{2}$

$= 0.675$

$y_3 = -0.00293$

$\rightarrow h_4 = \frac{h_3 + h_1}{2}$

$= 0.6875$

$$y_4 = 0.01465$$

$$m_5 = \frac{m_4 + m_3}{2} = 0.68125$$

$$y_5 = 0.0059$$