

Assignment - 2Q1.

time = 5 years

payments = Rs 427.30

loan = Rs 20,000

(i)

$$20000 = 427.30 a_{\overline{60}|} @ \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}$$

$$\frac{1 - v^{60}}{\frac{i^{(12)}}{12}} = 46.7338324982$$

$$\frac{1 - \left(\frac{12}{12 + i^{(12)}}\right)^{60}}{\frac{i^{(12)}}{12}} = 3.8949910415$$

$$1 - \left(\frac{12}{12 + i^{(12)}}\right)^{60} - 3.8949910415 \frac{i^{(12)}}{12} = 0$$

$$\frac{i^{(12)}}{12} = 0.103 = 10.3\%$$

$$i = \left[1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right]^{12} - 1 = \underline{\underline{10.8004303\%}}$$

(ii)

$$20000 = 274.49 a_{\overline{n}|} @ 10.3\%$$

$$\frac{1 - \left(\frac{12}{12 + 10.8\%}\right)^n}{10.3\%} = \frac{6.071867}{62734278826}$$

$$1 - \left(\frac{12}{12 + 10.3\%}\right)^n = 0.693630719$$

$$\ln(0.306369281) = \frac{n}{n} \ln(0.991489713)$$

$$(0.9914898)^n = 0.374598$$

$$n = \frac{\ln(0.374598)}{\ln(0.9914898)} \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\text{varr} = H \quad n = \underline{\underline{3.58 \text{ years}}}$$

$$\text{(iii) Interest in (i)} = (427.30)(60) - 20000 \\ = \underline{\underline{\text{Rs. } 5,674}}$$

$$\text{Interest in (ii)} = (247.49)(102) - 20000 \\ = \text{Rs.}$$

$$\text{Interest in (ii)} = (247.49)(114.88) - 20000 \\ = \underline{\underline{\text{Rs. } 11,533.4112}}$$

Q2 (i) (a) Discounted Payback period $\rightarrow$ It is the number of years after which the cumulative discounted cashflow covers the initial installment.

(b) Payback Period $\rightarrow$ It is the no. of years necessary to recover funds invested in project without considering the interest at all on the borrowing & investment.

Q3.

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Annuity-1

$$\text{Payment} = 200$$

$$i = 8\%$$

$$PV = 200 \ddot{a}_{\overline{22}|} v^{3/12}$$

$$= 200 \times \ddot{a}_{\overline{22}|} \times \frac{i}{d} \times (1+8\%)^{-3/12}$$

$$= 200 \times 16.2007 \times \frac{0.08}{0.074074} \times (1.08)^{-1/4}$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 2161.365534$$

Annuity-2

$$\text{Payment} = 320$$

$$i = 8\%$$

$$PV = 320 \ddot{a}_{\overline{16.25}|}^{(4)} v^{1/6}$$

$$= 320 \left(\frac{1 - v^{16.25}}{d^{(4)}} \right) \times (1+8\%)^{-1/6}$$

$$= 320 \times 9.362701197 \times 0.987255$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 2957.879762$$

Annuity-3

$$\text{Payment} = 180$$

$$i = 8\%$$

$$PV = \frac{180}{12} \ddot{a}_{\overline{226}|d^{(12)}/12}$$

$$= 15 \left(\frac{1 - v^{226/12}}{d^{(12)}/12} \right)$$

$$= 15 \times 119.7100946$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 1795.651419$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Total of 3 annuities} = \text{Rs. } 6953.065823$$

→ Revised annuity:-

Let the payment = x

$$6953.065823 = x \ddot{a}_{\overline{21.5}|8\%}$$

$$6953.065823 = x \ddot{a}_{\overline{21.5}|} \times \frac{i}{d^{(2)}}$$

$$6953.065823 = x \times 10.10875 \times \frac{1.059615}{1.019}$$

$$x = \frac{6953.065823}{10.71138313}$$

$$x = \underline{\underline{\text{Rs. } 649.1286641}}$$

Q4. $I \ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|i}$, $i > 0$

T.P. → $I \ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} = \frac{\ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} - nv^n}{d}$

Proof:-

$$PV = 1 + 2v + 3v^2 + \dots + nv^{n-1} \rightarrow (1)$$

$$(1-d)PV = (1-d)(1 + 2v + 3v^2 + \dots + nv^{n-1})$$

$$(1-d)PV = v + 2v^2 + 3v^3 + \dots + nv^n \rightarrow (2)$$

→ Subtracting (2) from (1), we get :-

$$d(PV) = (1 + v + v^2 + \dots + v^{n-1}) - nv^n$$

$$\therefore \ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} = 1 + v + v^2 + \dots$$

$$\therefore PV = \frac{\ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} - nv^n}{d}$$

→ Hence, proved

Q5. (i) WTWRR for property fund:-

$$1+i = \frac{13.1}{12.4} \times \frac{14.8}{13.1} \times \frac{15.8}{14.8} \times \frac{16.4}{15.8}$$

$$1+i = 1.322580645$$

$$i = 32.2580645\%$$

(b) TWRR for equity fund:-

$$1+i = \frac{9.2}{12.1} \times \frac{10.8}{9.2} \times \frac{13.1}{10.8} \times \frac{15.25}{13.1}$$

$$1+i = 1.280991736$$

$$i = 28.0991736\%$$

$$i = 28.0991736\%$$

(ii) Project A (Property fund)

$$16.4 \times 4 = 12.4(1+i) + 13.1(1+i)^{3/4} + 14.8(1+i)^{1/2} + (1+i)^{1/4} \cdot 15.8$$

$$12.4(1+i) + 13.1(1+i)^{3/4} + 14.8(1+i)^{1/2} + (1+i)^{1/4}(15.8) - 65.6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{i = 29.32\%}$$

Project B (Equity fund)

$$15.5 \times 4 = 12.1(1+i) + 9.2(1+i)^{3/4} + 10.3(1+i)^{1/2} + 13.1(1+i)^{1/4}$$

$$12.1(1+i) + 9.2(1+i)^{3/4} + 10.3(1+i)^{1/2} + 13.1(1+i)^{1/4} + 62 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{i = 67.31\%}$$

Q6.

$$\text{Loan} = 160000$$

$$i = 8\% \text{ p.a.}$$

$$t = 10 \text{ years}$$

$$\text{let initial payment} = x$$

$$(a) \quad 160000 = x a_{\overline{10}|} @ 8\%$$

$$x = \frac{160000}{6.7101} = \underline{\underline{Rs. 23844.65209}}$$

(b.) loan o/w at $t = 4$

$$\Rightarrow PV_4 = x a_{\overline{6}|} @ 8\%$$

$$= 23844.65209 \times 4.6229$$

$$= \underline{\underline{Rs. 110231.4422}}$$

Let revised payment = y

$$110231.4422 = y a_{\overline{7}|10\%}$$

$$y = \frac{110231.4422}{4.3553} = \underline{\underline{Rs. 25309.72428}}$$

(C.) $PV_7 = y a_{\overline{7}|10\%}$

$$PV_7 = 25309.72428 \times 5.3349$$

$$= \underline{\underline{Rs. 62942.753831}}$$

Let the final amt = z

$$PV_7 = z a_{\overline{3}|9\%}$$

$$\cancel{62942.753831} = z \times 2.5771$$

$$z = \underline{\underline{Rs. 24865.78174}}$$

Q8. The present value of outlay is:

$$2.7 + 0.2a_{\overline{7}|i}$$

Expected PV of income is:

$$0.1v^3 + \frac{a_{\overline{10}|}}{10} (0.25v + 0.2v^2 + 0.1v^3) @ i$$

Equating the PV of outlay to that of income:-

$$2.7 + 0.2 a_{\overline{3}|i} = 0.1v^3 + a_{\overline{10}|i} (0.25v + 0.2v^2 + 0.1v^3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{i = 9.8\%}$$

(ii) $NPV = (0.1v^3 + 0.85 a_{\overline{10}|i} v^3 - 2.7 - 0.2 a_{\overline{3}|i}) @ 10\%$

$$= 0.1(0.7513) + 0.85(0.7513)(6.4469) - 2.7 - 0.2(2.486836)$$

$$= 1.0689$$

∴ NPV is +ve

∴ It is worth to invest in the project

Q9 (i) TWRR

$$(1+i)^3 = \frac{33}{30.5} \times \frac{38.5}{33+6} \times \frac{41.05-4.5}{38.5} \times \frac{45}{41.05} \times \frac{45.6}{45} \times \frac{47}{45.6}$$

$$(1+i)^3 = 1.228313$$

$$1+i = 1.070951$$

$$\underline{i = 7.0951\%}$$

MWRR

$$30.5(1+i)^3 + 6(1+i)^{2.25} + 4.5(1+i)^{1.5} + (-2.5)(1+i)^{0.5} = 47$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{i = 7.266\% = MWRR}$$

(ii) LRR:-

Year 2011 $\rightarrow$ eq. of value

$$30.5(1+i) + 6(1+i)^{0.25} = 38.50$$
$$\Rightarrow i = 6.266\% \rightarrow (1)$$

Year 2012 $\rightarrow 38.5(1+i) + 4.5(1+i)^{0.5} = 45$

$$\Rightarrow i = 4.92\% \rightarrow (2)$$

Year 2013 $\rightarrow 45(1+i) - 2.5(1+i)^{0.5} = 47$

$$\Rightarrow i = 10.276\% \rightarrow (3)$$

$$LRR \Rightarrow (1+i)^3 = (1+0.06266)(1+0.0492)(1+0.10276)$$
$$\Rightarrow i = 7.13\%$$

~~Q10~~ Q10. (i) let the loan amt. = L

$$L = [180K a_{\overline{13}|i} + 20K (Ia)_{\overline{13}|i}] @ 12\%$$
$$L = Rs. 2050588$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Net cost of the house} = \frac{2050588}{80\%}$$
$$= Rs. 256335$$

(ii) Loan p/s at the beginning at g^{th} year

$$L = (180Kv + 180Kv^2 + \dots + 180Kv^7) + (180Kv + 20Kv^7)$$
$$L(9) = [340K a_{\overline{7}|i} + 20K (Ia)_{\overline{7}|i}] @ 7\%$$

$$L(9) = Rs. 1875850.33$$

Loan schedule:-

Year	Loan O/S	Loan Inst.	Interest	Cap. Repayment
9	1275850.33	360000	225102.04	134897.98
10	11740982.87 1740982.87	380000	208914.28	171085.72
11	1569866.65			