

$e^{2/w}$ $-2w$

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youva

Assignment

$$1. \int_{1/50}^2 \frac{e^{2/w}}{w^2} dw = \int_{1/50}^2 e^{2/w} w^{-2} dw$$

$$e^{2/w} = x$$

$$-2e^{2/w} w^{-2} dw = dx$$

$$\int_{1/50}^2 x dx = \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{1/50}^2 = \left[\frac{4}{2} - \frac{1/2500}{2} \right] = 2 - \frac{1}{1250}$$
$$= \frac{2499}{1250} = 1 \frac{1249}{1250}$$

2. $\int \frac{2t^3 + 1}{(t^4 + 2t)^3} dt$

$t^4 = x \quad (t^4 + 2t)^3 = x$

$4t^3 dt = dx \quad 3(t^4 + 2t)^2 (4t^3 + 2) dt = dx$

$4t^3 + 2 dt = \frac{dx}{3(t^4 + 2t)^2}$

$\int \frac{1}{x} dx$

$\int \frac{1}{6x(t^4 + 2t)^2} = \int \frac{1}{6x} x^{2/3} = \frac{1}{6} \int x^{-5/3} = \frac{1}{6} x^{-3/3} = \frac{1}{6} x^{-1}$

$= -\frac{1}{4} x^{-2/3} = -\frac{1}{4} [(t^4 + 2t)^3]^{-2/3}$

$= \frac{1}{4(t^4 + 2t)^2}$

3. $f(x) = x^4 + 3x - 9$

$$\int x^4 + 3x - 9 = \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{3x^2}{2} - 9x$$

4. $f(x) = \begin{cases} 6 & x > 1 \\ 3x^2 & x \leq 1 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-2}^3 f(x) dx &= \int_{-2}^1 3x^2 + \int_1^3 6 = \left[\frac{3x^3}{3} \right]_{-2}^1 + [6x]_1^3 = [x^3]_{-2}^1 + [6x]_1^3 \\ &= [1 - (-8)] + [18 - 6] = 9 + 12 \\ &= 21 \end{aligned}$$

5. $\int 3(8y-1)e^{4y^2-y} dy$

$$4y^2 - y = x$$

$$8y - 1 dy = dx$$

$$\int 3e^x dx = 3x e^x = 3(4y^2 - y) e^{4y^2 - y}$$

6. $f''(x) = 15\sqrt{x} + 5x^3 + 6$

$$\int 15\sqrt{x} + 5x^3 + 6 = \int \frac{15x^{3/2}}{3/2} + \frac{5x^4}{4} + 6x = \int 10x^{3/2} + \frac{5x^4}{4} + 6x$$

$$= \frac{10x^{5/2}}{5/2} + \frac{5x^5}{20} + \frac{6x^2}{2}$$

$$= 4x^{5/2} + \frac{x^5}{4} + 3x^2$$

$$9 \quad \frac{dv}{dt} = 9.8 - 0.196v$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + 0.196v = 9.8$$

$$e^{\int 0.196 dt} = e^{0.196t}$$

$$e^{0.196t} \frac{dv}{dt} + 0.196e^{0.196t} v = 9.8e^{0.196t}$$

$$\int \left(e^{0.196t} v \right)' dt = \int 9.8e^{0.196t} dt$$

$$e^{0.196t} v + k = 50e^{0.196t} + c$$

$$v(t) = 50 + ce^{-0.196t}$$

7.

8.

$$10. t y' + 2y = t^2 - t + 1$$

$$y(1) = 1/2$$

$$t \frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = t^2 - t + 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{2}{t} y = t - 1 + \frac{1}{t}$$

$$f(t) = e^{\int \frac{2}{t} dt} = e^{2 \ln t} = t^2$$

$$t^2 y' + 2ty = t^3 - t^2 + t$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [t^2 y] = t^3 - t^2 + t$$

$$t^2 y = \int t^3 - t^2 + t \, dt$$

$$= \frac{t^4}{4} - \frac{t^3}{3} + \frac{t^2}{2} + C$$

$$y = \frac{t^2}{4} - \frac{t}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{C}{t^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{C}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = C$$

$$C = -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$y^{-2} = \frac{y}{-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+x^2}} \cdot 2x$$

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$$11. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{xy^3}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

$$y(0) = -1$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y^3} = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{2y^2} = \sqrt{1+x^2} + C$$

$$\frac{2y^2}{-1} + C = 2y^2$$

$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{1+x^2}}} + C = -1$$

$$\frac{-1}{2} + C = 1$$

$$C = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$12. f(x) = x^3 + 10x^2 + 6$$

$$x = 3$$

$$f(a) + \frac{f'(a)}{1!}(x-a) + \frac{f''(a)}{2!}(x-a)^2 + \frac{f'''(a)}{3!}(x-a)^3 + \dots$$

$$f(1) = 17$$

$$f'(x) = x(3x + 20)$$

$$f'(1) = 23$$

$$f''(x) = 6x + 20$$

$$f''(1) = 26$$

$$f'''(x) = 6$$

$$f'''(1) = 6$$

$$\therefore f(x) \approx \frac{17}{0!}(x-1)^0 + \frac{23}{1!}(x-1)^1 + \frac{26}{2!}(x-1)^2 + \frac{6}{3!}(x-1)^3$$

$$\approx 17 + 23(x-1) + 13(x-1)^2 + (x-1)^3$$

$$14. f(x) = \sqrt{1+x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{-1}{4(x+1)^{3/2}}$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{3}{8(x+1)^{5/2}}$$

$$f'(0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f''(0) = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$f'''(0) = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$f(x) \approx \frac{1}{0!}x^0 + \frac{1/2}{1!}x^1 + \frac{-1/4}{2!}x^2 + \frac{3/8}{3!}x^3$$

$$\approx 1 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{8}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}x^3$$

$$15. f(x) = e^{-6x}$$

$$f'(x) = -6e^{-6x}$$

$$f''(x) = 36e^{-6x}$$

$$f'''(x) = -216e^{-6x}$$

$$f'(-4) = -6e^{24}$$

$$f''(-4) = 36e^{24}$$

$$f'''(-4) = -216e^{24}$$

$$f(x) \approx \frac{e^{24}}{0!}(x-(-4))^0 + \frac{-6e^{24}}{1!}(x-(-4))^1 + \frac{36e^{24}}{2!}(x-(-4))^2$$

$$+ \frac{-216e^{24}}{3!}(x-(-4))^3$$

$$= e^{24} - 6e^{24}(x+4) + 18e^{24}(x+4)^2 - 36e^{24}(x+4)^3$$

16. $f(x) = \ln(3+4x)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{4x+3}$$

$$f''(x) = -\frac{16}{(4x+3)^2}$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{128}{(4x+3)^3}$$

$$f'(0) = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$f''(0) = -\frac{16}{9}$$

$$f'''(0) = \frac{128}{27}$$

$$f(x) \approx \frac{\ln(3)}{0!} x^0 + \frac{4/3}{1!} x^1 + \frac{-16/9}{2!} x^2 + \frac{128/27}{3!} x^3$$

$$\approx \ln(3) + \frac{4}{3} x - \frac{8}{9} x^2 + \frac{64}{81} x^3$$

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