

Prob. of Stat. Assignment 2

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g1) $E(X_1) = 800$ $E(X_2) = 1200$
 $V(X_1) = 100^2$ $V(X_2) = 300^2$

Atq ; $Y \sim N(800, 100^2)$
 $\& Y \sim N(1200, 300^2)$

$\therefore (Y_1 + Y_2 + Y_3) - (X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4) \sim$
 $N(400, 31000)$

$P(Z > \frac{800 - 400}{\sqrt{310000}})$

$P[Z > 0.71842]$
 $= 1 - 0.76424$
 $= \underline{\underline{0.2357}}$

Q2) $N \sim \text{Bin}(K, p)$

$\therefore P(N=n) = {}^{n+2}C_n (0.9)^3 (0.1)^n$
 $= {}^{(n+2)-1}C_{n-1} (0.9)^3 (0.1)^n$

$K = 3$; $P = 0.9$

$M_Y(t) = M_N(\log M_X t)$

$X \sim \text{Gamma}(6, 2)$

$Y \sim \text{Total amt.}$

(i) $M_{GF} = M_Y(t) = M_N[\log M_X t]$
 $M_X(t) = \left[1 - \frac{t}{2}\right]^{-6}$

$M_Y(t) = M_N\left[\log \left(1 - \frac{t}{2}\right)^{-6}\right]$

$\therefore M_N(t) = \left[\frac{pe^t}{1 - qe^t}\right]^k = \left[\frac{p(1 - t/2)^{-6}}{1 - q(1 - t/2)^{-6}}\right]^3$
 $= \left[\frac{0.9(1 - t/2)^{-6}}{1 - 0.1(1 - t/2)^{-6}}\right]^3$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore V(Y) &= E(N) \cdot V(X) + [E(X)]^2 \cdot V(N) \\ &= \left(\frac{3}{0.9} \times \frac{6}{4} \right) + \left(\frac{6}{2} \right)^2 \times \frac{3(0.1)}{0.9^2} \\ &= 8.3347\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \underline{\underline{S.D = 2.887}}$$

Q3) $f(x) = \lambda \cdot e^{-\lambda(x)} = \lambda e^{\lambda(x-\lambda)}$

(i) MGF = $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{t\lambda} \cdot \lambda e^{\lambda(x-\lambda)}$

$$M_X(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(\lambda-t)x} dx$$

$$x = \frac{e^{\alpha\lambda}}{(\lambda-t)} \left[e^{-(\lambda-t)x} \right]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= e^{\lambda t} \left[\frac{\lambda}{\lambda-t} \right]$$

(ii) $M'_{\lambda}(t) = \lambda \left[e^{t\lambda} (\lambda-t)^{-2} (\lambda+1) + (\lambda-t)^{-1} e^{t\lambda} (\alpha) \right]$

$$= \lambda e^{t\lambda} (\lambda-t)^{-2} (\alpha(\lambda-t) + 1)$$

at $t=0$

$$M'_{\lambda}(t) = \lambda(\lambda)^{-2} [\alpha(\lambda) + 1]$$

$$= \frac{\lambda\alpha + 1}{\lambda}$$

$$\begin{aligned}V(X) &= E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 \\ &= \frac{2\alpha}{\lambda} + \alpha^2 + \frac{2}{\lambda^2} - \left[\frac{\alpha+1}{\lambda} \right]^2\end{aligned}$$

$$Q4] C_T(t) = \left(\frac{p}{1-qt} \right)^k \cdot \sum t^V \times P(V=v)$$

$$P(V=4) = \frac{\sqrt{k+4}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{k}} p^k q^k$$

$$= \frac{(k+3)! p^k (1-p)^k}{(k+1)! 4!}$$

$$Q5] f(x, y) = ax(x+y) \quad 0 < x < 5$$

$$10 < y < 20$$

$$(i) P\left(Y > \frac{1}{3}X + 10\right)$$

$$= a \int_{10}^{20} \int_{\frac{1}{3}y-10}^5 (x^2 + xy) dx dy$$

$$= a \int_{10}^{20} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{xy^2}{2} \right]_0^5 dy$$

$$= a \int_{10}^{20} \left(\frac{125}{3} + \frac{25y}{2} \right) dy$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\frac{125y}{3} + \frac{25y^2}{4} \right]_{10}^{20} = \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\therefore a = 0.0004363$$

$$(ii) P\left(Y > \frac{1}{3}X + 10\right)$$

$$f(y) = \frac{3}{6815} \int_0^5 (x^2 + xy) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{6815} \left[\frac{125}{3} + \frac{25y}{2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{6815} \left[\frac{125y}{3} + \frac{25y^2}{4} \right]_{10}^{20} + \frac{1}{3}x$$

$$= \frac{3}{6815} \left[\frac{1250}{3} + 18 \right]$$

(iii) $E(Y/X) = ?$

$$f(y/x) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f(x)}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{3}{6875} \int_{10}^{20} (x^2 + 2xy^2) dy$$

$$= \frac{3}{6875} \left[x^2 y + \frac{2xy^2}{2} \right]_{10}^{20}$$

$$= \frac{3}{6875} [20x^2 + 1200x - 10x^2 - 300x]$$

$$= \frac{30x}{6875} [x + 15]$$

$$E(Y/X) = \int_{10}^{20} y \left(\frac{x+y}{10(x+15)} \right) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{10(x+15)} \int_{10}^{20} (xy + y^2) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{10(x+15)} \left[\frac{15x + 7000}{3} \right]$$

Q6] $X \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda)$; $Y \sim \text{Poi}(\mu)$
 $M_X(t) = e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)}$ $M_Y(t) = e^{\mu(e^t - 1)}$

$$Z = X + Y$$

$$M_X(t) = e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)}$$

$$= E[e^{tX - Y}]$$

$$= E(e^{tX})$$

$$= e^{(X - Y)(e^t - 1)}$$

$$Z = X + Y$$

$$Z \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda + \mu)$$

$$Z \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda, \mu)$$

$$Q7] V(X/Y=2) = E(X^2/Y=2) - [E(X/Y=2)]^2$$

$$E(X^2/Y=2) = \frac{\sum x^2 P[X=x, Y=2]}{P(Y=2)}$$

$$= 8.8333$$

$$E(X/Y=2) = \frac{\sum x P(X=x, Y=2)}{P(Y=2)} = 0.807$$

$$V(X/Y=2) = 8.8333 - 0.807^2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{8.182}}$$

$$Q8] f(u, v) = \frac{48}{67} (2uv - v^2)$$

$$E(U/V=u) = \frac{f(u, u)}{f(v)}$$

$$f(v) = \frac{48}{67} \int_0^1 (2uv - v^2) du$$

$$= 2u^2v^2 - v^3$$

$$E(U/V=u) = \frac{3}{4u-1} \int_0^1 u(2uv^2 - v^2) dv$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{8u^2-3}{4(3v-1)}}}$$

$$Q8] \lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(3, 2)$$

$$E(\lambda) = 3/2$$

$$V(\lambda) = 3/4$$

$$E(X = x) = 3x + 1 \quad V(Y/X=x) = 2x^2 + 5$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(Y) &= E[E(X|Y)] = 3Y + 1 \\
 &= 3E(X) + 1 \\
 &= 3\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + 1 \\
 &= \frac{9}{2} + 1 = \underline{\underline{\frac{11}{2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V(Y) &= E[Y(X|Y)] + V[E(X|Y)] \\
 &= 2E(X^2) + 5 + 9V(X) \\
 V(X) &= [E(X^2) - E(X)^2]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore E(X^2) = 3$$

$$V(Y) = 2(3) + 5 + 9\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\underline{\underline{V(Y) = \frac{71}{4}}}$$

Q9] $E(X) = 3$; $V(X) = 4$; $E(Y) = 4$; $V(Y) = 1$
 $Z = X + Y$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = -0.6$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = -0.354$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(i) } \text{Cov}(X+Y, Y) &= \text{Cov}(X, Y) + \text{Cov}(Y, Y) \\
 &= V(X) + \text{Cov}(X, Y) \\
 &= 4 + (-0.6) \\
 &= \underline{\underline{3.4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(ii) } \text{Var}(Z) &= \text{Cov}(X+Y, X+Y) \\
 &= \text{Cov}(X, X) + 2\text{Cov}(X, Y) + \text{Cov}(Y, Y) \\
 &= V(X) + 2\text{Cov}(X, Y) + V(Y) \\
 &= \underline{\underline{3.8}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Q10] $f(x, y) = k \cdot x^{-\alpha} e^{-y/\beta}$
 $\Rightarrow k \int_1^{\infty} \int_1^{\infty} x^{-\alpha} e^{-y/\beta} dx dy = 1$

$$\therefore k \int_1^{\infty} e^{-y/\beta} dy = 1$$

$$\therefore k = \frac{\alpha - 1}{\beta (e^{-1/\beta})}$$

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