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Assignment - 2

Q.1) A)

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l} \Sigma x^2 = 925000 & \Sigma y^2 = 372717 & \Sigma xy = 182560 \\ \Sigma x = 850 & \Sigma y = 1737 & \end{array}$$

$$S_{xx} = 852750 \quad | \quad S_{yy} = 71000.1 \quad | \quad S_{xy} = 34915$$

$$\beta = 0.040944$$

$$\alpha = 170.219$$

$$\alpha + \beta x$$

$$= 170.219 + 0.040944x$$

b) β is 0.040944

Viewing the above one and taking into consideration, β is close to 0 and so it is not much significant.

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l|l} 2) \Sigma x^2 = 12666.58 & \Sigma y^2 = 119026.9 & \Sigma x = 385.2 & \Sigma y = 1162.5 \\ \Sigma xy = 38191.41 & & & \end{array}$$

$$S_{xx} = 301.66 \quad | \quad S_{xy} = 875.16 \quad | \quad S_{yy} = 6409.7125$$

$$\beta = 2.9011$$

$$\alpha = ~~3.7496~~ 3.7496$$

$$\therefore \alpha + \beta x = 3.7496 + 2.9011x$$

When the time to perform arrives, the time to prepare has passed.



2) ii) $\sigma^2 = 387.0744$

$\hat{\beta}$ follows normal distribution

$$\hat{\beta} \sim N\left(\beta, \frac{\sigma^2}{S_{xx}}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 95\% \text{ CI} &= \beta \pm t_{0.025, 12} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{S_{xx}}} \right) \\ &= 2.9011 \pm (2.228) (\cancel{1.132}) (1.132) \\ 95\% \text{ CI} &= (5.4232, 0.379) \end{aligned}$$

iii) $Y_i \sim N\left(\hat{\alpha}_1 + \beta x_i, \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{S_{xx}} \right) \cdot \sigma^2 \right)$

~~$\hat{\mu}_0 = 119.7936$~~

$$\begin{aligned} E(\mu_0) &= \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} x_0 \\ &= 119.7936 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CI} &= \mu_0 \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-2} \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_0 - \bar{x})^2}{S_{xx}} \right) \cdot \hat{\sigma}^2} \\ &= 119.7936 \pm 2.228 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{12} + \frac{(40 - 32.1)^2}{301.66}} \cdot 387.0745 \\ &= 119.7936 \pm 22.1431 \\ \text{CI} &= (97.6504, 141.9366) \end{aligned}$$

3) i) Looking at the plot, we can conclude that travelling from city A and city B will take much more time than usual and it will be busy. However, travelling in city C the time taken will be similar but in city D, it is we can say that it ~~will be better in this~~ the people might reach early in this case. Thus, ~~we can~~ to conclude, government can check upon city A or city B.

~~ANOVA assumes that the data is normally distributed~~

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l} \text{i)} & \Sigma x = 39 & \Sigma y = 562 \\ & \Sigma x^2 = 207 & \Sigma y^2 = 40508 \end{array} \quad \text{Ex } 2$$

$$S_{xx} = 54.9$$

$$S_{xy} = 8923.6$$

$$S_{yy} = 661.2$$

$$\text{i) correlation coefficient} = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{S_{xx} \cdot S_{yy}}} = \frac{8923.6}{\sqrt{54.9 \cdot 661.2}} = 0.944662$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ii)} \quad \beta &= 12.0437 \\ \alpha &= 9.2296 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\therefore \text{Equation} = 12.0437x + 9.2296$$

$$c) iii) \quad SS_{Reg} = \frac{S^2_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = 7963.30$$

$$SS_{Res} = S_{xx} - \frac{S^2_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = 960.295$$

$$\therefore SS_{Tot} = SS_{Reg} + SS_{Res}$$

$$SS_{Tot} = 8923.595$$

$$iv) \quad R^2 = \frac{S^2_{xy}}{S_{xx} \cdot S_{yy}}$$

$$R^2 = 0.8923$$

$$7) \quad \Sigma x = 174.13 \mid \Sigma y = 197.84$$

$$\Sigma x^2 = 7545.90 \mid \Sigma y^2 = 4747.45$$

$$S_{xy} = 2176.84 \mid S_{xx} = 4789.4221$$

$$S_{yy} = 1189.2076$$

$$i) \quad \beta = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = 2.20017$$

$$\alpha = -16.8432$$

$$\therefore \hat{y} = 2.20017x - 16.8432$$

$$2f) \quad H_0: \beta = 0$$



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7)ii) $H_0 : \beta = 0$

$H_1 : \beta \neq 0$

$$\hat{\sigma}^2 = 199.8121$$

$$t_{cal} = \frac{\hat{\beta} - \beta}{\hat{\sigma} / \sqrt{S_{xx}}} = 10.7718$$

$$t_{tab} = 2.776$$

$$\therefore 10.7718 > 2.776$$

$$t_{cal} > t_{tab}$$

$\therefore$ Reject H_0

This reflects that there is a linear relationship between x and y .

7)iii) $r = 0.912128$

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l} \Sigma x = 45 & \Sigma y = 644 & \Sigma xy = 2602 \\ \Sigma x^2 = 277.5 & \Sigma y^2 = 43956 & \end{array}$$

$$S_{xx} = 75$$

$$S_{yy} = 2482.4$$

$$S_{xy} = -296$$

i) The plot shows a negative correlation between x and y .

ii) $r = -0.686$

This states a strong negative correlation

iii) ~~tanh~~ $\tanh^{-1}r \sim N\left(\tanh^{-1}\rho, \frac{1}{n-3}\right)$

$$H_0: \rho = 0$$

$$H_1: \rho < 0$$

$$\frac{\tanh^{-1}r - \tanh^{-1}\rho}{\sqrt{1/n-3}} = Z_{cal}$$

$$Z_{cal} = \frac{-0.84036 - 0}{\sqrt{1/7}}$$

$$Z_{cal} = -2.22338$$

$$Z_{0.05} = Z_{2.5} = 1.96$$

$$Z_{0.01} = 2.58$$

Above one states that, at 5% level of significance, we Reject H_0 .

However, at 1% level of significance, we do not Reject H_0 .

~~The~~ This helps to know that there is negative correlation at 5% level of significance.

However, at 1% level of significance, there is no correlation.

3) ii) The Assumptions required to carry out ANOVA are :-

- plot must ~~be~~ have Normal distribution
- population should have common values.
- ~~the~~ observations should be independent

3) iii) H_0 : Difference is same

H_1 : Difference is not same

$$SS_{Tot} = \sum y^2 - \left(\frac{\sum y}{n} \right)^2$$

$$SS_{Tot} = 1116.11$$

$$SS_{Reg} = \left((64)^2 + (44)^2 + (8)^2 + (-13)^2 \right) - \frac{(103)^2}{(20)}$$

$$SS_{Reg} = 516.11$$

$$SS_{Res} = SS_{Tot} - SS_{Reg}$$

$$SS_{Res} = 1116.11 - 516.11$$

$$SS_{Res} = 600$$

Anova Testing:

$$F = \frac{MS_{Reg}}{MS_{Res}}$$

$$MS_{Res}$$

$$F = \frac{172.04}{25}$$

$$F = 6.88$$

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3) iii)

$$\text{Test statistics} = 6.88$$

$$F_{3, 24, 5\%} = 3.009$$

Thus, we can conclude with the evidence found out,
Reject H_0 at 5% level of significance.

10)

x	y
0.27	0.05
0.36	0.10
0.30	0.08

$$S_{xx} = 0.0072 \quad | \quad S_{yy} = 0.0012 \quad | \quad S_{xy} = 0.0022$$

$$\therefore SS_{\text{TOT}} = 0.00126$$

$$SS_{\text{Reg}} = 0.0011$$

$$SS_{\text{Res}} = 0.0001$$

Anova Table :

1	0.00115
1	0.0041
2	0.001

$$H_0 : \beta = 0$$

$$H_1 : \beta \neq 0$$

$$\text{Test statistic} = \frac{MSS_{\text{Reg}}}{MSS_{\text{Res}}} = 10.24$$

$$F_{1, 51} = 16.4$$

$\therefore$ Do not Reject

8.4)

a) The assumption is that the variables are independent and identically distributed.

b) $n_1 = 7 \mid n_2 = 8 \mid n_3 = 6 \mid n_4 = 7 \mid n_5 = 5 \mid$ ~~9~~ Total $n = 33$

$$SS_{TOT} = 69930.00$$

$$SS_{REG} = 227325.00$$

$$SS_{RES} = 64604.37$$

$$\text{Test statistic} = \frac{MSS_{REG}}{MSS_{RES}} = 3.283$$

$$F_{4,28,0.05} = 2.714$$

Thus, we have sufficient proof to reject H_0 .