

Numerical Methods of Algebra

Assignment - 1

1. Actual area $\Rightarrow \pi r^2$

$$\Rightarrow \pi (12.5)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{490.8736 \text{ cm}^2}$$

In 2nd case: approx area $\Rightarrow \pi r^2$ (where $r=12.65$)

$$\Rightarrow \pi (12.65)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{502.7255 \text{ cm}^2}$$

* Absolute error $\Rightarrow$ Approx. area - actual area $\Rightarrow \boxed{11.8489}$

* Relative error $\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Absolute error}}{\text{Actual area}} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.02413}$

* Percentage error $\Rightarrow$ Relative error $\times 100 \Rightarrow \boxed{2.413\%}$

2.

(i) $x_1 = 4$ $y_1 = 0.60206$

$x_2 = 6$ $y_2 = 0.7781513$

Using linear interpolation $\rightarrow x_2 - x_1 = y_2 - y_1$

$$2 = 0.7781513 - 0.60206$$

$$= \frac{0.1760913}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.8804565}$$

(ii) $x_1 = 4.5$ $y_1 = 0.6532125$

$x_2 = 5.5$ $y_2 = 0.7403627$

So $1 \Rightarrow 0.7403627 - 0.6532125$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{0.0871502}$$

$$y \Rightarrow 0.6532125 + 0.0871502 \Rightarrow \boxed{0.6967876}$$

3. $x^4 - x - 10 = 0$

$a = 1.5$; $b = 2$

x	y
$a = x_0 = 1.5$	-6.4375
$b = x_1 = 2$	4

(i) $x_2 \Rightarrow \frac{x_0 + x_1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{1.75}$; $y \Rightarrow \boxed{-2.37109}$

(ii) $x_3 \Rightarrow \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{1.875}$; $y \Rightarrow \boxed{0.48462}$

(iii) $x_4 \Rightarrow \frac{x_2 + x_3}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{1.8125}$; $y_4 \Rightarrow \boxed{-1.0202}$

$$x_5 = \frac{x_4 + x_3}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{1.84375} ; y_5 = \boxed{-0.28773}$$

$$x_6 \Rightarrow \frac{x_5 + x_3}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{-0.28773} ; y_6 \Rightarrow \boxed{0.0933}$$

$$4. x^3 - x - 1 = 0$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 1$$

x	0	1	2
y	-1	-1	5

$$x_0 = 1$$

$$f(x_0) = -1$$

$$f'(x_0) = 2$$

$$\rightarrow x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - (-1/2) \Rightarrow \boxed{1.5} ; y_1 = \boxed{0.875}$$

$$\rightarrow x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.5 - \left(\frac{0.875}{0.75} \right) \Rightarrow \boxed{1.34783}$$

$$f(x_2) = \boxed{0.100699} ; f'(x_2) = \boxed{4.44998}$$

$$\rightarrow x_3 = x_2 - \frac{f(x_2)}{f'(x_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{1.3252} ; y_3 = \boxed{0.00205}$$

$$f'(x_3) = \boxed{4.26846}$$

$$\rightarrow x_4 = x_3 - \left(\frac{f(x_3)}{f'(x_3)} \right) \Rightarrow \boxed{1.32472} ; y_4 = \boxed{0.00000871}$$

$$5. A^2 = A$$

$$7A - (I + A)^3 = 7A - [I^3 + A^3 + 3A^2I + 3I^2A]$$

$$\Rightarrow 7A - [I^3 + A^2(A) + 3A + 3A]$$

$$\Rightarrow 7A - (I + A^2 + 6A)$$

$$\Rightarrow 7A - I + 7A$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{-I}$$

$$[\because A^2 = A]$$

$$6. A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$; |A| \Rightarrow 1(0-6) + 1(4-0) + 2(4-0) \Rightarrow -6 + 1(4) + 2(4) \Rightarrow \boxed{6}$$

$$A_{11} \Rightarrow (-1)^2(0-6) \Rightarrow -6$$

$$A_{12} \Rightarrow (-1)^3(4-0) \Rightarrow -4$$

$$A_{13} \Rightarrow (-1)^4(4-0) \Rightarrow 4$$

$$A_{21} \Rightarrow (-1)^3(-1-2) \Rightarrow 3$$

$$A_{22} \Rightarrow (-1)^4(1-0) \Rightarrow \boxed{1}$$

$$\text{Adj}[A] \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -4 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \\ -6 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|A|} \times \text{adj}(A) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -4 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \\ -6 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{6} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$7. \vec{a} = 8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{b} = 7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = ab \cos(\theta) \Rightarrow (8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}) \cdot (7\hat{i} - 9\hat{j}) \Rightarrow 56 + 81 \Rightarrow \boxed{137}$$

$$a = \sqrt{64+81} = \sqrt{145}$$

$$b = \sqrt{49+81} = \sqrt{130}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = ab \cos \theta$$

$$\cos \theta \Rightarrow \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{ab} \Rightarrow \frac{137}{\sqrt{130} \times \sqrt{145}} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.9720224206}$$

$$8. \vec{R} = \vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$$R^2 = A^2 + B^2 + 2AB \cos \theta \quad (\text{where } \theta = 30^\circ)$$

$$R^2 = (75)^2 + (25)^2 + 2(75)(25) \cos 30^\circ$$

$$R^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{9497.595284}$$

$$9. d = 3; A.P. = 101, 104, 107, \dots, 998$$

$$a = 101$$

$$t_n \Rightarrow a + (n-1)d = 101 + (n-1)3 = 998$$

$$n = \frac{897}{3} + 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{300}$$

$$S_n \Rightarrow \frac{n}{2}(a+l)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{300}{2}(1099) \Rightarrow 150(1099) \Rightarrow \boxed{164850}$$

$$10. \text{ } \cancel{a_0} t_0 = 32$$

$$ar^5 = 32$$

$$ar^7 = 128$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{ar^7}{ar^5} = \frac{128}{32} \Rightarrow r^2 = 4$$

$$r \Rightarrow \boxed{\pm 2}$$

$$11. (3x+4)^5$$

$$\Rightarrow (3x)^5 + 5(3x)^4 \cdot 4 + 10(3x)^3 \cdot 4^2 + 10(3x)^2 \cdot 4^3 + 5(3x) \cdot 4^4 + 4^5$$

$$\Rightarrow 243x^5 + 1620x^4 + 4320x^3 + 5760x^2 + 3840x + 1024$$

$$12. A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - \lambda I \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -5-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda I| \Rightarrow 2 - \lambda ((-5 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda)) + 3[6 - 2\lambda] + 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$13. f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 8x - 3$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 14x + 8$$

$$x_0 = 5$$

$$f(5) \Rightarrow 125 - 175 + 40 - 3 \Rightarrow \boxed{-13}$$

$$f'(5) \Rightarrow 75 - 70 + 8 \Rightarrow \boxed{13}$$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \Rightarrow 5 - \frac{-13}{13} \Rightarrow \boxed{6}$$

$$f(x_1) = 9$$

$$f'(x_1) = 32$$

$$x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)} \Rightarrow 6 - \frac{9}{32} \Rightarrow \boxed{5.71875}$$

$$f(x_2) = \boxed{0.84787}$$

$$14. (x^2 - x + 1)^4 = ((x-1)^2 + x)^4$$

using Pascal's Triangle,

$$[(x-1)^2 + x]^4 = (x-1)^8 + 4(x-1)^6 x + 6(x-1)^4 x^2 + 4(x-1)^2 x^3 + x^4$$

$$(x^2 - x + 1)^4 = (x-1)^8 + 4x(x-1)^6 + 6x^2(x-1)^4 + 4x^3(x-1)^2 + x^4$$

$$15. e^{-x} = 3 \log(x)$$

$$3 \log(x) + e^{-x} = 0$$

x	y
0.1	-2.0951625
0.2	-1.278179
0.3	-0.8278180
0.4	-0.5235
0.5	-0.29656
0.6	-0.11673
0.7	-0.03188
0.8	

where $x_0 = 0.6$ $y_0 = 0.11673$

$x_1 = 0.7$ $y_1 = 0.03188$

$$x_2 \Rightarrow \frac{x_0 + x_1}{2} = \boxed{0.65}$$

$$y_2 \Rightarrow \boxed{-0.03921}$$

$$x_3 \Rightarrow \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \Rightarrow 0.675$$

$$y_3 \Rightarrow \boxed{-0.00293}$$

$$x_4 \Rightarrow \frac{x_3 + x_1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.6875}$$

$$y_4 \Rightarrow \boxed{0.01465}$$

$$x_5 \Rightarrow \frac{x_4 + x_3}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.68125}$$

$$y_5 \Rightarrow \boxed{0.0059}$$