

PLS - Assignment - 2

Q1/

$$\sum x_i^2 = 92500$$

$$\sum x = 850$$

$$\bar{x} = 85$$

$$\sum xy = 182560$$

$$\sum y = 1737$$

$$\bar{x}\bar{y} = 14767.5$$

$$S_{xx} = \sum x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2$$

$$= 20250$$

$$S_{xy} = \sum xy - n\bar{x}\bar{y}$$

$$= 34915$$

$$\hat{\beta} = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = 1.724$$

$$\alpha = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}\bar{x}$$

$$= 27.1432$$

Thus, equation

$$y = 27.1432 + 1.724x;$$

The gradient is uphill indicating the data is positively correlated.

Q2/

$$S_{xx} = \sum x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2$$

$$= 301.66$$

$$S_{xy} = \sum xy - n\bar{x}\bar{y}$$

$$= 875.16$$

$$\hat{\beta} = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = 2.901147$$

$$S_{yy} = \sum y_i^2 - n\bar{y}^2$$

$$= 409.712$$

$$\alpha = 3.748182$$

∴ Equation

$$y = 3.748182 + 2.901147x;$$

ii) 95% CI

$$\hat{\beta} \pm t_{0.025, 10} \sqrt{\frac{\sigma^2}{S_{xx}}}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n-2} \left(S_{yy} - \frac{S_{xy}^2}{S_{xx}} \right)$$

$$= 6155.816$$

$$95\% \text{ CI is } (-7.16351, 12.96581)$$

3) i) The variance of all the cities appear to be mostly same.
The centre of all distributions differ

ii) Assumptions

Population must be normal

Must have common variance

Observations are independent

iii) H_0 : Mean is same vs

H_1 : Mean is not same

$$SS_T = 1495 = \frac{103^2}{28} = 116.71$$

$$SS_{REG} = \frac{1}{7} (64^2 + 44^2 + 8^2 + (-13)^2) = \frac{103^2}{25}$$

$$= 516.11$$

$$SS_{RES} = SST - SS_{REG} \\ = 600$$

ANOVA TABLE

Source	df	SS	MS	F
Regression	3	516.11	172.04	6.88
Residual	24	600	25	
Total	27	1116.11		

$$F = 6.88 \quad F_{3,24} = 3.009 \text{ at } 5\%$$

∴ We reject H_0

$$H/b \quad SS_{REG} = \frac{\sum y_i^2}{n} - \frac{y^2}{n^2}$$

$$= 22325.69$$

$$SS_{RES} = SS_{TOT} - SS_{REG} \\ = 47604.37$$

ANOVA TABLE

Source	df	SS	MSS	F
Regression	4	22325.69	5581.42	3.27

Residual 28 47609.37 1700.186

Total 32 69930.06

$F = 3.28$ $F_{4,28} = 2.714$ at 5%
 $\therefore$ we reject H_0

c) Contingency table
Salary

Papers	45	20	6	5
Cleared	7	20	9	6
	5	8	15	20

$$\text{Expected} = \frac{\text{row total} \times \text{column total}}{\text{table total}}$$

$\therefore$ Expected

27.4	23.9	24.4	11.06
15.4	12.7	8.19	6.09
14.1	12.6	7.8	5.8

$$\chi^2 = \sum \frac{(O_i - E_i)^2}{E_i}$$

$$= 49.919$$

$$\chi^2_{0.025,7} = 17.53$$

$\therefore$ Thus, we reject H_0

Q.5}	Source	df	SS	MSS	F
	Regression	3	21.183	7.057	45.632
	Residual	8	1.236	0.155	
	Total	11	22.38		

$$F_{3,8,5\%} = 7.951$$

$\therefore$ we reject H_0

$$67 \quad r = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{S_{xx} S_{yy}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{xy} &= \sum xy - n\bar{x}\bar{y} \\ &= 2853 - 10 \times 3.9 \times 56.2 \\ &= 661.2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{xx} &= \sum x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2 \\ &= 207 - 10(3.9^2) \\ &= 54.9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{yy} &= \sum y_i^2 - n\bar{y}^2 \\ &= 3923.8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore r = 0.944662$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \beta &= \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} \\ &= 12.04372 \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = \bar{y} - \beta \bar{x}$$

$$= 0.229508$$

$$\hat{y} = 0.229508 + 12.04372x_i$$

$$SS_{TOT} = S_{yy}$$

$$= 8923.6$$

$$SS_{REG} = \frac{S_{xy}^2}{S_{xx}}$$

$$= 7963.305$$

$$SS_{RES} = SS_{TOT} - SS_{REG}$$

$$= 960.295$$

$$R^2 = \frac{SS_{REG}}{SS_{TOT}}$$

$$= 0.892387$$

R^2 is the square of correlation coefficient

Both of them show positive relationship

$$7) S_{xy} = 2176.84 \text{ given}$$

$$S_{yy} = \sum y_i^2 - n\bar{y}^2$$

$$= 1189.208$$

$$S_{xx} = \sum x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2$$

$$= 4789.422$$

$$i) \hat{\beta} = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = 0.45457$$

$$Q = y - \hat{\beta}x$$

$$= 10.979056$$

$\therefore$ Equation

$$y = 10.79056 + 0.4545x$$

$$ii) \sigma^2 = \frac{1}{11-2} \left(S_{yy} - \frac{S_{xy}^2}{S_{xx}} \right)$$

$$= 22.201$$

$$H_0: \beta = 0 \quad \text{vs} \quad H_1: \beta \neq 0$$

$$\frac{\hat{\beta} - \beta}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 / S_{xx}}} \sim t_{n-2}$$

$$\frac{0.4545}{\sqrt{\frac{22.201}{4789.432}}} = 6.675678$$

$$t_{9, 0.025} = 2.267$$

$\therefore$ We reject H_0

Hence, there is a linear relationship

$$iii) r = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{S_{xx} S_{yy}}}$$

$$= 0.912129$$

v) The residual plot shows that the errors are forming a pattern thus showing they might not form a non-linear relationship.

Q8) i) The main purpose of factor analysis is to reduce a many individual item into a fewer number of dimension. Principle Component analysis is a method to decrease dimensions without any data loss.

i) PC	Diagonal Entry (PC)	PCi / sum(Ai)
PC1	0.456	65%
PC2	0.137	18.5%
PC3	0.08	11.4%
PC4	0.0165	2.4%
PC5	0.043	1.7%
	0.1015	100%

iii) As 1st 3 principle component explain over 95% of total variance, dimension can be reduced to 3 for this dataset.

Q9) i) Appears to be negatively correlated

ii)

$$S_{xx} = 75$$

$$S_{yy} = 2482.4$$

$$S_{xy} = -296$$

$$r = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{S_{xx} S_{yy}}}$$

$$= 0.686002$$

Hence (-)ve correlated

$$\text{iv) } H_0 : \rho = 0$$

$$H_1 : \rho < 0$$

$$\tanh^{-1}(r) - \tanh^{-1}(\rho) \sim N(0, \frac{1}{n-3})$$

$$\frac{\tanh^{-1}(r) - \tanh^{-1}(\rho)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{n-3}}}$$

$$Z_{cal} = -2.07893$$

$$Z_{5\%} = 1.6449$$

$\therefore$ We reject H_0

$$\therefore \rho < 0$$

$$\text{iv) } \hat{\beta} = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = -3.94667$$

$$\hat{\alpha} = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta} \bar{x}$$

$$= 82.16$$

$$\hat{y} = 82.16 - 3.94667x_1$$

$$\text{v) } R^2 = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx} S_{yy}} = 47.05983\%$$

As, model only explains 47% of the data,
 it is not a good fit.
 $x_0 = 1$ $\hat{y}_0 = \hat{\alpha} - \hat{\beta}x_0$
 $= 78.21333$

10) $S_{xx} = 0.0042$ $S_{yy} = 0.00126$
 $S_{xy} = 0.0022$ $SS_{TOT} = 0.00126$
 $SS_{REG} = \frac{S_{xy}^2}{S_{xx}} = 0.00115$
 $SS_{RES} = SS_{TOT} - SS_{REG}$
 $= 0.0011$

ANOVA TABLE

Source	df	SS	mss	F
Regression	1	0.00115	0.00115	10.454
Residual	1	0.00011	0.00011	
Total	2	0.00126		

$$H_0: \beta = 0$$

$$H_1: \beta \neq 0$$

$$F_{1,1, 5\%} = 161.4$$

$$F_{cal} < F_{tab}$$

$\therefore$ We will not reject H_0